



Marriott International, Inc.

2025 CDP Corporate Questionnaire 2025

Word version

Important: this export excludes unanswered questions

This document is an export of your organization's CDP questionnaire response. It contains all data points for questions that are answered or in progress. There may be questions or data points that you have been requested to provide, which are missing from this document because they are currently unanswered. Please note that it is your responsibility to verify that your questionnaire response is complete prior to submission. CDP will not be liable for any failure to do so.

[Read full terms of disclosure](#)

Contents

C1. Introduction

(1.1) In which language are you submitting your response?

Select from:

English

(1.2) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.

Select from:

USD

(1.3) Provide an overview and introduction to your organization.

(1.3.2) Organization type

Select from:

Publicly traded organization

(1.3.3) Description of organization

Marriott International (“Marriott”) is a worldwide operator, franchisor, and licensor of hotel, residential, timeshare, and other lodging properties under more than 30 brand names at different price and service points. Consistent with our focus on management, franchising, and licensing, we own or lease very few of our lodging properties (less than one percent of our system). As of year-end 2024, our system included 9,361 properties (1,706,331 rooms) in 144 countries and territories, and we also had nearly 3,800 hotels (over 577,000 rooms) in our development pipeline. We are focused on creating a positive and sustainable impact wherever we do business. Our sustainability and social impact platform, Serve 360: Doing Good in Every Direction, is built around four focus areas: Nurture Our World; Sustain Responsible Operations; Empower Through Opportunity; and Welcome All and Advance Human Rights. Our efforts are centered around (1) making the communities and environments where we operate better places to live, work, and visit, (2) embedding sustainability across our operations, (3) providing access to workplace readiness and opportunity for all to grow and succeed, and (4) encouraging cultural understanding and connecting people through the power of travel. Our sustainability strategy and initiatives include a wide range of issues, including designing resource-efficient hotels, implementing technologies to track and reduce energy and water consumption, as well as waste and food waste, increasing the use of renewable energy, managing water-related risks, focusing on third-party sustainability certifications at the hotel level, supporting ecosystem restoration initiatives, and focusing on responsible and local sourcing. Please note, under our asset-light business model, we typically manage or franchise hotels and other lodging offerings, rather than own them. Terms of our management agreements vary, but we earn a management fee that is typically composed of a base management fee, which is a percentage of the revenues of the hotel, and an incentive management fee, which is based on the profits of the hotel. In many cases (particularly in our U.S. & Canada, Europe, and CALA regions), incentive management

fees are subject to a specified owner return. Under our hotel franchising arrangements, we generally receive an initial application fee and continuing royalty fees, which are typically based on a percentage of room revenues, plus for certain brands, a percentage of food and beverage revenues. We also have license and other agreements with third parties for certain offerings, such as for our timeshare properties, MGM Collection with Marriott Bonvoy, Design Hotels, and The Ritz-Carlton Yacht Collection, under which we receive royalty fees and certain other fees. Additionally, we earn fees for other uses of our intellectual property, including primarily co-branded credit card fees, as well as residential branding fees and certain other licensing fees. For information on our forward-looking statements, please see section C13. Please note, the countries reported in question 1.7 represent Marriott's operational control boundary (owned, leased, and managed properties).

[Fixed row]

(1.4) State the end date of the year for which you are reporting data. For emissions data, indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.

	End date of reporting year	Alignment of this reporting period with your financial reporting period	Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years
	12/31/2024	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

[Fixed row]

(1.4.1) What is your organization's annual revenue for the reporting period?

25100000000

(1.5) Provide details on your reporting boundary.

	Is your reporting boundary for your CDP disclosure the same as that used in your financial statements?
	Select from:

	Is your reporting boundary for your CDP disclosure the same as that used in your financial statements?
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(1.6) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

ISIN code - bond

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

No

ISIN code - equity

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

No

CUSIP number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

Yes

(1.6.2) Provide your unique identifier

Ticker symbol

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

Yes

(1.6.2) Provide your unique identifier

MAR

SEDOL code

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

Yes

(1.6.2) Provide your unique identifier

BYZH8C1

LEI number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

Yes

(1.6.2) Provide your unique identifier

225YDZ14ZO8E1TXUSU86

D-U-N-S number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

Yes

(1.6.2) Provide your unique identifier

013005702

Other unique identifier

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

No

[Add row]

(1.7) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.

Select all that apply

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fiji | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> China |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oman | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Egypt |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Peru | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ghana |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aruba | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Haiti |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chile | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> India |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Qatar |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Samoa |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kenya | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malta | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bhutan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nepal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brazil |

- ✓ Canada
- ✓ Cyprus
- ✓ France
- ✓ Greece
- ✓ Guyana
- ✓ Monaco
- ✓ Panama
- ✓ Poland
- ✓ Rwanda
- ✓ Serbia
- ✓ Bahrain
- ✓ Belgium
- ✓ Bermuda
- ✓ Czechia
- ✓ Georgia
- ✓ Lebanon
- ✓ Morocco
- ✓ Nigeria
- ✓ Romania
- ✓ Senegal
- ✓ Ethiopia
- ✓ Honduras
- ✓ Malaysia
- ✓ Maldives
- ✓ Paraguay
- ✓ Guatemala
- ✓ Indonesia
- ✓ Singapore
- ✓ Sri Lanka
- ✓ Azerbaijan

- ✓ Israel
- ✓ Jordan
- ✓ Kuwait
- ✓ Malawi
- ✓ Mexico
- ✓ Turkey
- ✓ Albania
- ✓ Algeria
- ✓ Armenia
- ✓ Austria
- ✓ Germany
- ✓ Hungary
- ✓ Iceland
- ✓ Ireland
- ✓ Jamaica
- ✓ Tunisia
- ✓ Uruguay
- ✓ Barbados
- ✓ Cambodia
- ✓ Colombia
- ✓ Portugal
- ✓ Thailand
- ✓ Viet Nam
- ✓ Argentina
- ✓ Australia
- ✓ Bangladesh
- ✓ Costa Rica
- ✓ Kazakhstan
- ✓ El Salvador
- ✓ Netherlands

- New Zealand
- Philippines
- Puerto Rico
- Switzerland
- Saudi Arabia
- French Polynesia
- Republic of Korea
- Dominican Republic
- Trinidad and Tobago
- United Arab Emirates

- South Africa
- New Caledonia
- Taiwan, China
- Cayman Islands
- North Macedonia
- Turks and Caicos Islands
- United States of America
- United States Virgin Islands
- United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(1.8) Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?

(1.8.1) Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?

Select from:

- No, this is confidential data

(1.8.2) Comment

*While Marriott does track the geolocation data for all facilities, the size of Marriott's portfolio does not make the exercise of providing that data here feasible.
[Fixed row]*

(1.15) Which real estate and/or construction activities does your organization engage in?

Select all that apply

- Buildings management
- Other real estate or construction activities, please specify :Buildings are constructed by third-party owners under Marriott's brands; Marriott does not typically build hotels or other properties.

(1.22) Provide details on the commodities that you produce and/or source.

Timber products

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Paper

Other, please specify :Paper products; select furniture, fixtures & equipment (FF&E).

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

Yes, disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Paper products are used in operations and as part of service offerings; hence, they cannot be tied directly to revenue generation or deemed as a significant revenue generator. Marriott is aware of the EU Deforestation Regulation and continues to monitor potential implications for its global procurement practices, to the extent applicable.

Palm oil

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Present in products throughout the hospitality industry, most often in baked goods and bath amenities.

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Palm oil is present in products throughout the hospitality industry, most often in baked goods and bath amenities. As such, specific metrics on sourced palm oil is not available. Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/ certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances, including FSC and Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil.

Cattle products

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

- Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

- No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

- Beef

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

- Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

- Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

- No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

- No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Food and Beverage (F&B) procurement is generally handled at the property level, with assistance from our procurement vendors who make contracted suppliers available to our properties. Beef is one of our top priority categories as part of our responsible sourcing strategy and Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, has identified animal proteins as one of the five priorities in its sustainability goals for responsibly sourced products. Avendra engages major suppliers of the four high deforestation impact commodities (paper, soy, palm, beef) on their no-deforestation programs, asking about overall programs but also suppliers' ability to trace products to origins and use methods of monitoring against deforestation. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and aim to continually improve in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf.

Soy

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.3) Indicate if you have direct soy and/or embedded soy in your value chain

Select from:

We do not know if we source embedded soy

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Present in Food & Beverage products throughout the hospitality industry.

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Food and Beverage (F&B) procurement is generally handled at the property level, with assistance from our procurement vendors who make contracted suppliers available to our properties. This purchasing process is not usually centrally managed, although supplier conduct guidelines are established. Avendra engages major suppliers of the four high deforestation impact commodities (paper, soy, palm, beef) on their no-deforestation programs, asking about overall programs but also suppliers' ability to trace products to origins and use methods of monitoring against deforestation. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and aim to continually improve in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf.

Rubber

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Present in products throughout the hospitality industry.

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Procurement is generally handled at the property level, with assistance from our procurement vendors who make contracted suppliers available to our properties. This purchasing process is not usually centrally managed, although supplier conduct guidelines are established. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and aim to continually improve in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf.

Cocoa

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Present in Food & Beverage products in the hospitality industry and is not available individually.

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Food and Beverage (F&B) procurement is generally handled at the property level, with assistance from our procurement vendors who make contracted suppliers available to our properties. This purchasing process is not usually centrally managed, although supplier conduct guidelines are established. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and aim to continually improve in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf.

Coffee

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Retailing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

No, the total volume is unknown

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Present in Food & Beverage products in the hospitality industry, including coffee products.

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

No, not disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

No

(1.22.19) Please explain

Food and Beverage (F&B) procurement is generally handled at the property level, with assistance from our procurement vendors who make contracted suppliers available to our properties. This purchasing process is not usually centrally managed, although supplier conduct guidelines are established. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and aim to continually improve in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf.

[Fixed row]

(1.24) Has your organization mapped its value chain?

(1.24.1) Value chain mapped

Select from:

No, but we plan to do so within the next two years

(1.24.8) Primary reason for not mapping your upstream value chain or any value chain stages

Select from:

Other, please specify :Part of an ongoing process; not finalized.

(1.24.9) Explain why your organization has not mapped its upstream value chain or any value chain stages

Because we are in the process of mapping our supply chain, we anticipate that information on supply chain mapping will be available in future CDP responses.

[Fixed row]

(1.24.1) Have you mapped where in your direct operations or elsewhere in your value chain plastics are produced, commercialized, used, and/or disposed of?

	Plastics mapping	Value chain stages covered in mapping
	<p><i>Select from:</i></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, we have mapped or are currently in the process of mapping plastics in our value chain</p>	<p><i>Select all that apply</i></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify :In 2024, Marriott conducted a complete inventory of 16 categories of single-use plastics used across our portfolio of global hotels.</p>

[Fixed row]

C2. Identification, assessment, and management of dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(2.1) How does your organization define short-, medium-, and long-term time horizons in relation to the identification, assessment, and management of your environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

Short-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

0

(2.1.3) To (years)

1

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

We typically align this time horizon with the reporting period of the company's financial statements to establish short-term objectives and monitor short-term environmental-related risks and opportunities. Please note, this time horizon also aligns with those established during the company's double materiality assessment process.

Medium-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

1

(2.1.3) To (years)

5

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

For this time horizon, we typically consider the period from the end of the short-term to up to 5 years into the future to establish objectives and monitor medium-term environmental-related risks and opportunities. Please note, this time horizon also aligns with those established during the company's double materiality assessment process.

Long-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

5

(2.1.2) Is your long-term time horizon open ended?

Select from:

Yes

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

For this time horizon, we typically consider environmental-related risks and opportunities more than 5 years into the future. Please note, this time horizons also aligns with those established during the company's double materiality assessment process.

[Fixed row]

(2.2) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental dependencies and/or impacts?

	Process in place	Dependencies and/or impacts evaluated in this process
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both dependencies and impacts

[Fixed row]

(2.2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental risks and/or opportunities?

	Process in place	Risks and/or opportunities evaluated in this process	Is this process informed by the dependencies and/or impacts process?
	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both risks and opportunities	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(2.2.2) Provide details of your organization’s process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and/or opportunities.

Row 1

(2.2.2.1) Environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Water

(2.2.2.2) Indicate which of dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities are covered by the process for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Dependencies
- Impacts
- Risks
- Opportunities

(2.2.2.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

- Direct operations
- Upstream value chain
- Downstream value chain

(2.2.2.4) Coverage

Select from:

- Full

(2.2.2.7) Type of assessment

Select from:

- Qualitative and quantitative

(2.2.2.8) Frequency of assessment

Select from:

- Not defined

(2.2.2.9) Time horizons covered

Select all that apply

- Short-term
- Medium-term
- Long-term

(2.2.2.10) Integration of risk management process

Select from:

- Integrated into multi-disciplinary organization-wide risk management process

(2.2.2.11) Location-specificity used

Select all that apply

- Site-specific
- Sub-national
- National

(2.2.2.12) Tools and methods used

Commercially/publicly available tools

- EcoVadis
- WRI Aqueduct

Enterprise Risk Management

- Enterprise Risk Management
- Internal company methods

Other

- External consultants
- Scenario analysis

(2.2.2.13) Risk types and criteria considered

Acute physical

- Drought
- Tornado
- Landslide
- Wildfires
- Heat waves
- Cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons
- Heavy precipitation (rain, hail, snow/ice)
- Flood (coastal, fluvial, pluvial, ground water)
- Storm (including blizzards, dust, and sandstorms)
- Other acute physical risk, please specify :**Flooding due to storm surge**

Chronic physical

- Heat stress
- Precipitation or hydrological variability

- Water stress
- Sea level rise
- Coastal erosion
- Temperature variability

- Increased severity of extreme weather events
- Water availability at a basin/catchment level
- Changing temperature (air, freshwater, marine water)
- Changing precipitation patterns and types (rain, hail, snow/ice)

Policy

- Changes to international law and bilateral agreements
- Changes to national legislation

Market

- Availability and/or increased cost of certified sustainable material
- Changing customer behavior
- Uncertainty in the market signals

Reputation

- Increased partner and stakeholder concern and partner and stakeholder negative feedback
- Negative press coverage related to support of projects or activities with negative impacts on the environment (e.g. GHG emissions, deforestation & conversion, water stress)

Technology

- Data access/availability or monitoring systems
- Transition to lower emissions technology and products
- Transition to water efficient and low water intensity technologies and products

Liability

- Exposure to litigation
- Non-compliance with regulations

(2.2.2.14) Partners and stakeholders considered

Select all that apply

- Customers
- Local communities

- Employees
- Investors
- Suppliers
- Regulators

(2.2.2.16) Further details of process

Marriott's Board of Directors oversees the company's processes for assessing and managing risk. Risks are identified and managed in connection with the company's enterprise risk management process, and in performing its oversight responsibilities, the Board reviews with management the most significant enterprise risks that have been identified by both the Board and management. Acute physical climate-related risks, such as severe weather events, are managed and updated regularly through our enterprise-wide approach to business continuity planning, including risk identification, readiness, response, and recovery relative to operational disruptions. Marriott's Engineering team also typically conducts an annual water risk assessment of managed properties to assess the company's exposure to current and future water risks and flood and drought risks using the WRI Aqueduct tool. Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, also supports our processes by screening suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. Note, Marriott's asset-light business model reduces the company's exposure to climate-related risks impacting asset ownership. However, risk management on behalf of hotel owners of our managed properties is integral to our value as hotel operators. In defining and prioritizing climate-related risks, we focus on those relevant to hotel and corporate operations, as well as those connected with consumer preferences and our reputation. Marriott is currently in the process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to align with new regulatory reporting requirements and will review whether additional disclosures are appropriate once complete.

[Add row]

(2.2.7) Are the interconnections between environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and/or opportunities assessed?

(2.2.7.1) Interconnections between environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and/or opportunities assessed

Select from:

- Yes

(2.2.7.2) Description of how interconnections are assessed

In Marriott's evaluation of environmental risks and opportunities, we also consider our company's dependencies and impacts on the environment. As Marriott hotels welcome guests across 144 countries and territories, the sustainability of those communities and our operations is integral to our strategy. Marriott devotes resources and engages in programs that aim to create and maintain thriving destinations where people want to live, work, and visit. Across our operations, Marriott associates, hotels, and Business Councils — networks of associates from managed and franchised hotels within a city or region — engage in activities that focus on raising environmental awareness, supporting sustainability-focused organizations, and promoting ecosystem preservation. Across Marriott, we engage with our suppliers to promote responsible sourcing, strengthen our supply chain, support hotel operations, and participate in industry groups so we can focus onto reinforce our efforts.

[Fixed row]

(2.3) Have you identified priority locations across your value chain?

(2.3.1) Identification of priority locations

Select from:

- No, but we plan to within the next two years

(2.3.7) Primary reason for not identifying priority locations

Select from:

- Other, please specify :In process

(2.3.8) Explain why you do not identify priority locations

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties. Marriott's Engineering team also typically conducts an annual water risk assessment of managed properties to assess specific locations' exposure to current and future water risks and flood and drought risks using the WRI Aqueduct tool. Marriott is also updating climate risk processes in alignment with regulatory reporting guidelines and aims to identify priority locations based on exposure and adaptive capacity in the future.

[Fixed row]

(2.4) How does your organization define substantive effects on your organization?

Risks

(2.4.1) Type of definition

Select all that apply

- Qualitative

(2.4.6) Metrics considered in definition

Select all that apply

- Frequency of effect occurring
- Time horizon over which the effect occurs
- Likelihood of effect occurring

(2.4.7) Application of definition

Marriott is currently in the process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to further align with regulatory reporting requirements. As such, the risk assessment process described within this CDP disclosure, including definitions of effects on our organization, represents our processes prior to these updates. Marriott defines "substantive strategic impact" as any change that would significantly affect our business operations. To assess strategic impacts, Marriott may consider internal and external influences, the company's capabilities to manage risks, and the expectations of stakeholders. When considering potential environmental risks, we also consider the frequency, time horizon and likelihood of the risk occurring.

Opportunities

(2.4.1) Type of definition

Select all that apply

- Qualitative

(2.4.6) Metrics considered in definition

Select all that apply

- Frequency of effect occurring
- Time horizon over which the effect occurs
- Likelihood of effect occurring

(2.4.7) Application of definition

Marriott is currently in the process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to further align with regulatory reporting requirements. As such, the risk assessment process described within this CDP disclosure, including definitions of effects on our organization, represents our processes prior to these updates. Marriott defines "substantive strategic impact" as any change that would significantly affect our business operations. To assess strategic impacts, Marriott may consider internal and external influences, the company's capabilities to manage risks, and the expectations of stakeholders. When considering potential environmental opportunities, we also consider the frequency, time horizon and likelihood of the risk occurring.

[Add row]

(2.5) Does your organization identify and classify potential water pollutants associated with its activities that could have a detrimental impact on water ecosystems or human health?

(2.5.1) Identification and classification of potential water pollutants

Select from:

No, we do not identify and classify our potential water pollutants

(2.5.3) Please explain

We do not identify or classify our potential water pollutants, as our industry is not associated with water pollutants that could have a detrimental impact on water ecosystems or human health.

[Fixed row]

C3. Disclosure of risks and opportunities

(3.1) Have you identified any environmental risks which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future?

Climate change

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

No

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

Evaluation in progress

(3.1.3) Please explain

As discussed in Marriott's 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K, extreme weather, natural disasters, climate change, and sustainability-related concerns have impacted our business in the past and could in the future have effect on our business and results of operations. Marriott is currently in process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to align with new regulatory reporting requirements and will review whether additional disclosures are appropriate once complete.

Forests

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

No

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

- Environmental risks exist, but none with the potential to have a substantive effect on our organization

(3.1.3) Please explain

Marriott does not use timber commodities defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp) directly and so does not assess forest risks in that context. However, Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new Avendra contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. New Marriott contracts also include a requirement to complete the EcoVadis assessment. We also have goals for responsible procurement and procurement standards that include and/or address paper and deforestation. Additionally, Marriott's key suppliers for personal and office paper products work with the Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) dedicated to promoting responsible management of the world's forests. We have also established a brand standard for many managed and franchised properties to use FSC-certified Kimberly-Clark products for guest bathroom and public bathroom paper products (or of equal quality or exceeding Kimberly Clark with accepted sustainability certification bathroom products) and FSC-certified, Green Seal certified or 100% recycled fiber products for all other paper products.

Water

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

- No

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

- Environmental risks exist, but none with the potential to have a substantive effect on our organization

(3.1.3) Please explain

A sufficient amount of quality freshwater available is important for our general hotel operations and for guests to stay at Marriott properties, inclusive of food service operations and our supply chain. Freshwater supply is required to support the agricultural supply chain of products used at Marriott hotels. However, the scale and geographic diversification of our business make it unlikely that localized water risks, including freshwater availability, could generate a substantive change in our global supply chain or operations.

Plastics

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

No

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

Environmental risks exist, but none with the potential to have a substantive effect on our organization

(3.1.3) Please explain

The scale and geographic diversification of our business make it unlikely that localized plastics risks could generate a substantive change in our global supply chain or operations. To help manage risks related to plastics, Marriott has implemented a series of efforts to reduce single-use plastics and other disposables, including: - Implemented a brand standard requiring the elimination of polystyrene disposable products throughout food and beverage service and packaging. - Implemented a brand standard for guest room recycling, requiring receptacles in guest rooms to include clear and visible signage to aid in the appropriate disposal of recyclable materials. Implemented a brand standard to remove plastic straws and plastic stirrers from properties. - Achieved 95% compliance for the transition to large format residential bath amenities for certain brands across managed and franchised hotels globally in 2023. - Provided resources to properties to support more sustainable, non-single-use purchasing decisions for items, including laundry bags, dental kits, and razors. Developed guidance on alternatives to single-use water bottles, such as the use of water bottling plants and installation of water bottle refill stations. - Provided educational materials and waste recycling service provider options to promote the diversion of recyclable and other specialty waste from landfills. - Piloted solutions to replace plastic sink-side soap pump containers with non-plastic alternatives and remove plastic packaging from soap bars. - Encourage suppliers to provide packaging (bottles and delivery cases/boxes) that is recyclable and made from a minimum of 35% recycled content or is certified compostable for bottled water, cleaning supplies, and guest room amenities as outlined in our Responsible Sourcing Guide (https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf). In 2024, Marriott conducted a complete inventory of 16 categories of single-use plastics used across our portfolio of global hotels. We plan to use the information obtained from this assessment to identify future opportunities to remove products, switch to reusable products, or identify more sustainable materials

[Fixed row]

(3.5) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?

Select from:

Yes

(3.5.4) What is your strategy for complying with the systems you are regulated by or anticipate being regulated by?

Marriott understands many of our hotels are already or will be subject to carbon pricing systems. We are working on identifying applicable ways for us to gather this information centrally as much of it is with individual hotels or with the asset owners given they are often the entities responsible for the payment of these fees/taxes.

(3.6) Have you identified any environmental opportunities which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future?

Climate change

(3.6.1) Environmental opportunities identified

Select from:

No

(3.6.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental opportunities

Select from:

Evaluation in progress

(3.6.3) Please explain

Marriott is currently in process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to align with new regulatory reporting requirements and will review whether additional disclosures are appropriate once complete.

Forests

(3.6.1) Environmental opportunities identified

Select from:

No

(3.6.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental opportunities

Select from:

Opportunities exist, but none anticipated to have a substantive effect on organization

(3.6.3) Please explain

Marriott does not use timber commodities (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp) directly and so does not assess forest opportunities in that context. Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances, including FSC and Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil. Active, centrally managed procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the same Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

Water

(3.6.1) Environmental opportunities identified

Select from:

No

(3.6.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental opportunities

Select from:

Opportunities exist, but none anticipated to have a substantive effect on organization

(3.6.3) Please explain

A sufficient amount of quality freshwater availability is important for our general hotel operations and for guests to stay at Marriott properties, inclusive of food service operations and our supply chain. Freshwater supply is required to support the agricultural supply chain of products used at Marriott hotels. However, the scale and geographic diversification of our business make it unlikely that localized water opportunities could generate a substantive change in our global operations or supply chain.

[Fixed row]

C4. Governance

(4.1) Does your organization have a board of directors or an equivalent governing body?

(4.1.1) Board of directors or equivalent governing body

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2) Frequency with which the board or equivalent meets

Select from:

Quarterly

(4.1.3) Types of directors your board or equivalent is comprised of

Select all that apply

Executive directors or equivalent

Non-executive directors or equivalent

Independent non-executive directors or equivalent

(4.1.4) Board diversity and inclusion policy

Select from:

No

[Fixed row]

(4.1.1) Is there board-level oversight of environmental issues within your organization?

	Board-level oversight of this environmental issue
Climate change	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Forests	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Water	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Biodiversity	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.1.2) Identify the positions (do not include any names) of the individuals or committees on the board with accountability for environmental issues and provide details of the board's oversight of environmental issues.

Climate change

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

- Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Other policy applicable to the board, please specify :Included in the Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) charter.

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

- Scheduled agenda item in some board meetings – at least annually

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

- Monitoring progress towards corporate targets
- Approving corporate policies and/or commitments
- Monitoring the implementation of the business strategy
- Monitoring the implementation of a climate transition plan
- Overseeing and guiding the development of a business strategy
- Monitoring compliance with corporate policies and/or commitments
- Overseeing and guiding the development of a climate transition plan
- Reviewing and guiding the assessment process for dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Marriott's Board of Directors is our highest governance body and oversees management of the company and its business. Oversight of Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 Goals and broader strategy ranges from a committee of the Board of Directors and the President and CEO, to regional leaders and hotel executive teams and associates. The Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) of our Board of Directors (Board) assists the full Board in providing oversight of the company's strategies related to cultivating and advancing Marriott's efforts to make the communities and environments where the company operates better places to live, work, and visit, and to focus on sustainability and resilience in operations. At the management level, Marriott's Serve 360 platform is guided by governing bodies, each of which maintains specific priorities and objectives to make progress toward our company-wide goals. An example of a climate-related oversight by the ISIC (inclusive of Marriott's President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)) included overseeing Marriott's efforts to set near-term and long-term science-based emissions reduction targets, which were verified by the Science Based Targets initiative in 2024. Additionally, our Serve 360 Report is provided to the Board for review annually and includes progress against goals. The Board also provides oversight of the company's processes for identifying, assessing and managing risks. The Board considers our risk profile when reviewing our annual business plan and incorporates risk assessment into its decisions impacting the company. Risks are identified and managed in connection with the company's robust enterprise risk management process, and in performing its oversight responsibilities, the Board reviews with

management the most significant enterprise risks that have been identified by both the Board and management, including strategic, operational, financial, external/regulatory, industry, and reputation risks, as well as management's process and resources needed for addressing and mitigating the short- and long-term potential effects of such risks. Marriott's President and CEO oversees climate-related and other issues through the company's sustainability and social impact platform, Serve 360. Marriott's President and CEO is a member of the Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council, which typically meets twice per year to discuss sustainability-related investment decisions, analyze recommendations, and review progress against goals, including our GHG emissions targets.

Forests

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

- Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Other policy applicable to the board, please specify :Included in the Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) charter.

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

- Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

- Overseeing the setting of corporate targets
- Monitoring progress towards corporate targets
- Approving corporate policies and/or commitments

- Monitoring the implementation of the business strategy
- Overseeing and guiding the development of a business strategy
- Monitoring compliance with corporate policies and/or commitments
- Reviewing and guiding the assessment process for dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Marriott's Board of Directors is our highest governance body and oversees management of the company and its business. Oversight of Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 Goals and broader strategy ranges from a committee of the Board of Directors and the President and CEO, to regional leaders and hotel executive teams and associates. The Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) of our Board of Directors (Board) assists the full Board in providing oversight of the company's strategies related to cultivating and advancing Marriott's efforts to make the communities and environments where the company operates better places to live, work, and visit, and to focus on sustainability and resilience in operations. At the management level, Marriott's Serve 360 platform is guided by governing bodies, each of which maintains specific priorities and objectives to make progress toward our company-wide goals. Additionally, our Serve 360 Report is provided to the Board for review annually and includes progress against forest-related goals, which includes Marriott's Serve 360 responsible sourcing targets, including our goal to responsibly source 95% in our top 10 priority categories (animal proteins (inclusive of beef, eggs, lamb, pork, and poultry), bottled water, cleaning supplies, cocoa, coffee, guest room amenities, paper products, seafood, sugar, and textiles). The Board is also responsible for overseeing the company's processes for identifying, assessing and managing risks. The Board considers our risk profile when reviewing our annual business plan and incorporates risk assessment into its decisions impacting the company. Risks are identified and managed in connection with the company's robust enterprise risk management process, and in performing its oversight responsibilities, the Board reviews with management the most significant enterprise risks that have been identified by both the Board and management, including strategic, operational, financial, external/regulatory, industry, and reputation risks, as well as management's process and resources needed for addressing and mitigating the short- and long-term potential effects of such risks. Marriott's President and CEO oversees forest-related and other issues through the company's sustainability and social impact platform, Serve 360. Marriott's President and CEO is a member of the Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council, which typically meets twice per year to discuss sustainability-related investment decisions, analyze recommendations, and review progress against goals.

Water

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

- Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Other policy applicable to the board, please specify :Included in the Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) charter.

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

- Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

- Overseeing the setting of corporate targets
- Monitoring progress towards corporate targets
- Approving corporate policies and/or commitments
- Monitoring the implementation of the business strategy
- Overseeing and guiding the development of a business strategy
- Monitoring compliance with corporate policies and/or commitments
- Reviewing and guiding the assessment process for dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Marriott's Board of Directors is our highest governance body and oversees management of the company and its business. Oversight of Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 Goals and broader strategy ranges from a committee of the Board of Directors and the President and CEO, to regional leaders and hotel executive teams and associates. The Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) of our Board of Directors (Board) assists the full Board in providing oversight of the company's strategies related to cultivating and advancing Marriott's efforts to make the communities and environments where the company operates better places to live, work, and visit, and to focus on sustainability and resilience in operations. At the management level, Marriott's Serve 360 platform is guided by governing bodies, each of which maintains specific priorities and objectives to make progress toward our company-wide goals. Additionally, our Serve 360 Report is shared with the Board annually and includes progress against Marriott's Serve 360 water target, to reduce water intensity per occupied room by 15% by 2025 from a 2016 baseline. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the company's processes for identifying, assessing and managing risks. The Board considers our risk profile when reviewing our annual business plan and incorporates risk assessment into its decisions impacting the company. Risks are identified and managed in connection with the company's robust enterprise risk management process, and in performing its oversight responsibilities, the Board reviews with management the most significant enterprise risks that have been identified by both the Board and management, including strategic, operational, financial, external/regulatory, industry, and reputation risks, as well as management's process and resources needed for addressing and mitigating the short- and long-term potential effects of such risks. Marriott's

President and CEO oversees water-related and other issues through the company's sustainability and social impact platform, Serve 360. Marriott's President and CEO is a member of the Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council, which typically meets twice per year to discuss sustainability-related investment decisions, analyze recommendations, and review progress against goals, including our water intensity targets.

Biodiversity

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

- Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Other policy applicable to the board, please specify :Included in the Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) charter.

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

- Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

- Reviewing and guiding the assessment process for dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Monitoring the implementation of the business strategy

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Marriott's Board of Directors is our highest governance body and oversees management of the company and its business. Oversight of Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 Goals and broader strategy ranges from a committee of the Board of Directors and the President and CEO, to regional leaders and hotel executive teams and associates. The Inclusion and Social Impact Committee (ISIC) of our Board of Directors (Board) assists the full Board in providing oversight of the company's strategies related to cultivating and advancing Marriott's efforts to make the communities and environments where the company operates better places to live, work, and visit, and to focus on sustainability and resilience in operations.

[Fixed row]

(4.2) Does your organization's board have competency on environmental issues?

Climate change

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to maintain an environmentally competent board

Select all that apply

Having at least one board member with expertise on this environmental issue

(4.2.3) Environmental expertise of the board member

Experience

Executive-level experience in a role focused on environmental issues

Active member of an environmental committee or organization

Forests

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to maintain an environmentally competent board

Select all that apply

- Having at least one board member with expertise on this environmental issue

(4.2.3) Environmental expertise of the board member

Experience

- Active member of an environmental committee or organization

Water

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

- Not assessed

[Fixed row]

(4.3) Is there management-level responsibility for environmental issues within your organization?

	Management-level responsibility for this environmental issue
Climate change	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Forests	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Water	Select from:

	Management-level responsibility for this environmental issue
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Biodiversity	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.3.1) Provide the highest senior management-level positions or committees with responsibility for environmental issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Climate change

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Committee

- Sustainability committee

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Assessing future trends in environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

- Monitoring compliance with corporate environmental policies and/or commitments
- Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets
- Measuring progress towards environmental science-based targets

- Setting corporate environmental policies and/or commitments
- Setting corporate environmental targets

Strategy and financial planning

- Developing a climate transition plan
 - Implementing a climate transition plan
 - Conducting environmental scenario analysis
 - Implementing the business strategy related to environmental issues
 - Developing a business strategy which considers environmental issues
- Managing environmental reporting, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

- Reports to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

- Annually

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

Marriott's Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council is co-chaired by the Chief Global Communications & Public Affairs Officer and the Chief Global Operations Officer, and includes the President and CEO, the Presidents of each regional business division, and C-level executives representing each global division. This representation enables key functional disciplines within Marriott to be involved in guiding and implementing the company's sustainability and social impact strategy. The Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council typically meets twice per year to review progress toward the Serve 360 goals and discusses Serve 360-related investment decisions and recommendations, including investments, and programmatic implementation. This can include assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities and monitoring progress against climate-related corporate targets. The Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council was also involved in the setting of the company's SBTs. Please note, members of the Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council may have various roles, including overseeing Serve 360 reporting.

Forests

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Committee

- Sustainability committee

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Assessing future trends in environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

- Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets
- Setting corporate environmental policies and/or commitments
- Setting corporate environmental targets

Strategy and financial planning

- Developing a business strategy which considers environmental issues
- Developing a climate transition plan
- Implementing the business strategy related to environmental issues
- Managing environmental reporting, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

- Reports to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

- Annually

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

Marriott's Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council is co-chaired by the Chief Global Communications & Public Affairs Officer and the Chief Global Operations Officer, and includes the President and CEO, the Presidents of each regional business division, and C-level executives representing each global division. This representation enables key functional disciplines within Marriott to be involved in guiding and implementing the company's sustainability and social impact strategy. The Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council typically meets twice per year to review progress toward the Serve 360 goals and discusses Serve 360-related decisions and recommendations, including investments, and programmatic implementation. This can include assessing and managing forest-related risks and opportunities and monitoring progress against our Serve 360 responsible sourcing and climate goals that may impact forests.

Water

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Committee

- Sustainability committee

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Assessing future trends in environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

- Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets
- Setting corporate environmental policies and/or commitments
- Setting corporate environmental targets

Strategy and financial planning

- Developing a business strategy which considers environmental issues
- Implementing the business strategy related to environmental issues
- Managing environmental reporting, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

- Reports to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

Marriott's Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council is co-chaired by the Chief Global Communications & Public Affairs Officer and the Chief Global Operations Officer, and includes the President and CEO, the Presidents of each regional business division, and C-level executives representing each global division. This representation enables key functional disciplines within Marriott to be involved in guiding and implementing the company's sustainability and social impact strategy. The Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council typically meets twice per year to review progress toward the Serve 360 goals and discusses Serve 360-related decisions and recommendations, including investments, and programmatic implementation. This can include assessing and managing water-related risks and opportunities and monitoring progress against our Serve 360 water goal to reduce water intensity by 15% (water consumption per occupied room) by 2025 from a 2016 base year.

Biodiversity

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Committee

- Sustainability committee

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Assessing future trends in environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Strategy and financial planning

- Developing a business strategy which considers environmental issues
- Implementing the business strategy related to environmental issues

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

Reports to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

Annually

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

Marriott's Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council is co-chaired by the Chief Global Communications & Public Affairs Officer and the Chief Global Operations Officer, and includes the President and CEO, the Presidents of each regional business division, and C-level executives representing each global division. This representation enables key functional disciplines within Marriott to be involved in guiding and implementing the company's sustainability and social impact strategy. The Serve 360 Executive Leadership Council typically meets twice per year to review progress toward the Serve 360 goals and discusses Serve 360-related investment decisions and recommendations, including investments, and programmatic implementation. This can include assessing and managing biodiversity-related risks and opportunities and monitoring progress against our Serve 360 goals, inclusive of our biodiversity-related climate goals.

[Add row]

(4.5) Do you provide monetary incentives for the management of environmental issues, including the attainment of targets?

	Provision of monetary incentives related to this environmental issue
Climate change	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Forests	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Water	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.5.1) Provide further details on the monetary incentives provided for the management of environmental issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Climate change

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Facility/Unit/Site management

- Other facility/unit/site manager, please specify :Global VP Engineering & Environmental Impacts; Global VP Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations; Global VP Climate Action Program; Chief Global Operations Officer, Directors of Sustainability (for each continent)

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

- Salary increase

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

- Progress towards environmental targets
- Achievement of environmental targets

Emission reduction

- Implementation of an emissions reduction initiative
- Reduction in emissions intensity
- Increased share of renewable energy in total energy consumption
- Reduction in absolute emissions

Resource use and efficiency

- Improvements in emissions data, reporting, and third-party verification
- Improvements in commodity volume data collection, reporting and third-party verification/certification
- Energy efficiency improvement

- Reduction in total energy consumption

Engagement

- Increased engagement with suppliers on environmental issues
- Increased engagement with customers on environmental issues

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

- Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

Marriott's Global Vice President Engineering & Environmental Impact; Global Vice President, Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations; Global Vice President, Climate Action Program are all incentivized for milestones related to sustainability and climate. For example, these positions have goals focused on the development of the sustainability and climate strategy, deploying sustainability and climate solutions, and developing training, among other responsibilities. Continent leaders are also encouraged to incorporate sustainability performance metrics into their team's performance and compensation. Directors of Sustainability for each region also incentivized based on sustainability scorecard performance.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

This incentive aims to advance development of environmental strategies and supports execution of projects globally.

Forests

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Facility/Unit/Site management

- Other facility/unit/site manager, please specify :Global VP Engineering & Environmental Impacts; Global VP Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations; Global VP Climate Action Program; Chief Global Operations Officer, Directors of Sustainability (for each continent)

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

- Salary increase

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

- Progress towards environmental targets
- Achievement of environmental targets

Engagement

- Increased engagement with suppliers on environmental issues
- Increased engagement with customers on environmental issues

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

- Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

Marriott's Global Vice President Engineering & Environmental Impact; Global Vice President, Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations; Global Vice President, Climate Action Program are all incentivized for milestones related to sustainability and climate. For example, these positions have goals focused on the development of the sustainability and climate strategy, deploying sustainability and climate solutions, and developing training, among other responsibilities. Continent leaders are also encouraged to incorporate sustainability performance metrics into their team's performance and compensation. Directors of Sustainability for each region also incentivized based on sustainability scorecard performance.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

This incentive aims to advance development of environmental strategies and supports execution of projects globally.

Water

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Facility/Unit/Site management

Other facility/unit/site manager, please specify :Global VP Engineering & Environmental Impacts; Global VP Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations; Global VP Climate Action Program; Chief Global Operations Officer, Directors of Sustainability (for each continent)

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

Salary increase

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

Progress towards environmental targets

Achievement of environmental targets

Resource use and efficiency

Reduction of water withdrawals – direct operations

Reduction in water consumption volumes – direct operations

Improvements in commodity volume data collection, reporting and third-party verification/certification

Improvements in water accounting, reporting, and third-party verification

Engagement

Increased engagement with suppliers on environmental issues

Increased engagement with customers on environmental issues

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

Marriott's Global Vice President Engineering & Environmental Impact; Global Vice President, Climate Action Program are all incentivized for milestones related to sustainability and climate. For example, these positions have goals focused on the development of the sustainability and climate strategy, deploying sustainability and climate solutions, and developing training, among other responsibilities. Continent leaders are also encouraged to incorporate sustainability performance metrics into their team's performance and compensation. Directors of Sustainability for each region also incentivized based on sustainability scorecard performance.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

This incentive aims to advance development of environmental strategies and supports execution of projects globally.
 [Add row]

(4.6) Does your organization have an environmental policy that addresses environmental issues?

	Does your organization have any environmental policies?
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.6.1) Provide details of your environmental policies.

Row 1

(4.6.1.1) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water

- Biodiversity

(4.6.1.2) Level of coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(4.6.1.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

- Direct operations
- Upstream value chain
- Downstream value chain

(4.6.1.4) Explain the coverage

Per Marriott's Sustainability Policy, Marriott is committed to making a positive and sustainable impact wherever we do business. We embrace our global commitment to be a force for good, as demonstrated by our sustainability and social impact platform, Serve 360: Doing Good in Every Direction. We believe that our commitment to responsible and sustainable business practices can benefit the environment and the communities in which our hotels are located and can contribute to our long-term success.

(4.6.1.5) Environmental policy content

Environmental commitments

- Commitment to avoidance of negative impacts on threatened and protected species
- Commitment to comply with regulations and mandatory standards
- Commitment to take environmental action beyond regulatory compliance
- Commitment to respect legally designated protected areas
- Commitment to stakeholder engagement and capacity building on environmental issues

(4.6.1.6) Indicate whether your environmental policy is in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select all that apply

- Yes, in line with the Paris Agreement
- Yes, in line with Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

(4.6.1.7) Public availability

Select from:

- Publicly available

(4.6.1.8) Attach the policy

Sustainability-Policy2.pdf

Row 2

(4.6.1.1) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water
- Biodiversity

(4.6.1.2) Level of coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(4.6.1.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

- Direct operations
- Upstream value chain
- Downstream value chain

(4.6.1.4) Explain the coverage

Marriott's Global Procurement Supplier Conduct Guidelines ("Supplier Guidelines") set forth the principles, standards and guidelines that we expect our suppliers to uphold and that are applicable to Marriott officers, managers and employees in Marriott's global operations.

(4.6.1.5) Environmental policy content

Environmental commitments

- Commitment to avoidance of negative impacts on threatened and protected species
- Commitment to comply with regulations and mandatory standards
- Commitment to take environmental action beyond regulatory compliance
- Commitment to respect legally designated protected areas
- Commitment to stakeholder engagement and capacity building on environmental issues

Water-specific commitments

- Commitment to reduce water consumption volumes
- Commitment to reduce water withdrawal volumes

Social commitments

- Commitment to respect internationally recognized human rights

Additional references/Descriptions

- Description of environmental requirements for procurement

(4.6.1.6) Indicate whether your environmental policy is in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select all that apply

- Yes, in line with the Paris Agreement
- Yes, in line with Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

(4.6.1.7) Public availability

Select from:

- Publicly available

(4.6.1.8) Attach the policy

Supplier-Conduct-Guidelines2.pdf

Row 3

(4.6.1.1) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water
- Biodiversity

(4.6.1.2) Level of coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(4.6.1.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

- Downstream value chain

(4.6.1.4) Explain the coverage

Marriott's Responsible Business Principles for Franchisees ("Responsible Business Principles") represent Marriott's shared values. The Responsible Business Principles are intended to establish mutual commitment to uphold brand reputation and trust in the different environments in which our franchisees operate globally.

(4.6.1.5) Environmental policy content

Environmental commitments

- Commitment to avoidance of negative impacts on threatened and protected species

- Commitment to comply with regulations and mandatory standards
- Commitment to take environmental action beyond regulatory compliance
- Commitment to respect legally designated protected areas
- Commitment to stakeholder engagement and capacity building on environmental issues

Water-specific commitments

- Commitment to reduce water consumption volumes
- Commitment to reduce water withdrawal volumes

Social commitments

- Commitment to respect internationally recognized human rights

Additional references/Descriptions

- Description of environmental requirements for procurement

(4.6.1.6) Indicate whether your environmental policy is in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select all that apply

- Yes, in line with the Paris Agreement
- Yes, in line with Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

(4.6.1.7) Public availability

Select from:

- Publicly available

(4.6.1.8) Attach the policy

Marriott_Responsible BPF_ppt 4-25 2.pdf

[Add row]

(4.10) Are you a signatory or member of any environmental collaborative frameworks or initiatives?

(4.10.1) Are you a signatory or member of any environmental collaborative frameworks or initiatives?

Select from:

Yes

(4.10.2) Collaborative framework or initiative

Select all that apply

Race to Zero Campaign

Science-Based Targets Initiative (SBTi)

We Mean Business

Other, please specify :Glasgow Declaration on Climate Action in Tourism through the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance

(4.10.3) Describe your organization's role within each framework or initiative

As part of its target of net-zero GHG emissions, with support from a number of organizations including Global Citizen, Marriott signed-on to the Race to Zero via the Business Ambition for 1.5°C. Marriott also verified its near- and long-term GHG emissions reduction targets with the SBTi. Marriott is also a member of the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance, a signatory of the Glasgow Declaration on Climate Action in Tourism.

[Fixed row]

(4.11) In the reporting year, did your organization engage in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may (positively or negatively) impact the environment?

(4.11.1) External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the environment

Select all that apply

Yes, we engaged directly with policy makers

Yes, we engaged indirectly through, and/or provided financial or in-kind support to a trade association or other intermediary organization or individual whose activities could influence policy, law, or regulation

(4.11.2) Indicate whether your organization has a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

Yes, we have a public commitment or position statement in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

(4.11.3) Global environmental treaties or policy goals in line with public commitment or position statement

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

(4.11.4) Attach commitment or position statement

2025GlobalProgress.pdf

(4.11.5) Indicate whether your organization is registered on a transparency register

Select from:

No

(4.11.8) Describe the process your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your environmental commitments and/or transition plan

To support Marriott's public policy priorities, share best practices, and collaborate on policy advocacy activities, we engage with numerous industry and business associations.

[Fixed row]

(4.11.1) On what policies, laws, or regulations that may (positively or negatively) impact the environment has your organization been engaging directly with policy makers in the reporting year?

Row 1

(4.11.1.1) Specify the policy, law, or regulation on which your organization is engaging with policy makers

Virginia, SB591

(4.11.1.2) Environmental issues the policy, law, or regulation relates to

Select all that apply

- Climate change

(4.11.1.3) Focus area of policy, law, or regulation that may impact the environment

Energy and renewables

- Electricity grid access for renewables

(4.11.1.4) Geographic coverage of policy, law, or regulation

Select from:

- Sub-national

(4.11.1.5) Country/area/region the policy, law, or regulation applies to

Select all that apply

- Other, please specify :United States, Virginia

(4.11.1.6) Your organization's position on the policy, law, or regulation

Select from:

- Support with no exceptions

(4.11.1.8) Type of direct engagement with policy makers on this policy, law, or regulation

Select all that apply

- Submitting written proposals/inquiries
- Other, please specify :Signed Marriott's name onto a coalition supporting the legislation.

(4.11.1.10) Explain the relevance of this policy, law, or regulation to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or transition plan, how this has informed your engagement, and how you measure the success of your engagement

In 2024, Marriott signed onto a coalition to support Virginia's SB591, which proposed allowing large energy customers to shop for their own energy, allowing Marriott's properties to procure clean energy through the electrical grid. This bill supports Marriott's climate-related targets and objectives, including our target to reach net-zero

value chain GHG emissions by no later than 2050. This bill also supports our longstanding approach to reducing hotel GHG emissions, which is centered around data management technologies, investments in efficiency projects, and the increased use of renewable energy, among other initiatives.

(4.11.1.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement on this policy, law, or regulation is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

- Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.1.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on this policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

- Paris Agreement

Row 2

(4.11.1.1) Specify the policy, law, or regulation on which your organization is engaging with policy makers

Missouri HB2070

(4.11.1.2) Environmental issues the policy, law, or regulation relates to

Select all that apply

- Climate change

(4.11.1.3) Focus area of policy, law, or regulation that may impact the environment

Energy and renewables

- Electricity grid access for renewables

(4.11.1.4) Geographic coverage of policy, law, or regulation

Select from:

- Sub-national

(4.11.1.5) Country/area/region the policy, law, or regulation applies to

Select all that apply

- Other, please specify :United States, Missouri

(4.11.1.6) Your organization's position on the policy, law, or regulation

Select from:

- Support with no exceptions

(4.11.1.8) Type of direct engagement with policy makers on this policy, law, or regulation

Select all that apply

- Other, please specify :Signed Marriott's name onto a coalition and coalition letter supporting legislation.

(4.11.1.10) Explain the relevance of this policy, law, or regulation to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or transition plan, how this has informed your engagement, and how you measure the success of your engagement

In 2024, Marriott signed onto a coalition to support Missouri's HB2070, which aimed to restructure Missouri's electric market and allow competition with the utility on the generation and sale of electricity to customers. The bill is focused on creating opportunities for energy-intensive users who wish to participate in demand response programs or voluntarily choose clean energy to help relieve the challenges facing state utilities as they work to supply growing demand. This bill directly supports Marriott's climate-related targets and objectives, including our target to reach net-zero value chain GHG emissions by no later than 2050; and builds on Marriott's longstanding approach to reducing hotel GHG emissions, which is centered around data management technologies, investments in efficiency projects, and the increased use of renewable energy, among other initiatives.

(4.11.1.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement on this policy, law, or regulation is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

- Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.1.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on this policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

[Add row]

(4.11.2) Provide details of your indirect engagement on policy, law, or regulation that may (positively or negatively) impact the environment through trade associations or other intermediary organizations or individuals in the reporting year.

Row 1

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

Other trade association in North America, please specify :Business Roundtable

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

Climate change

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

Business Roundtable is an association comprised of the chief executive officers from America's leading companies. Business Roundtable's principles and policies to address climate change lay out an approach where companies lead by example. These policies and principles include goals for addressing climate change, key principles to guide public policy, as well as complementary and supporting policies that align with Business Roundtable's key principles and preferred policy approach. Examples of these policies include implementing a well-designed market-based mechanism, investing in technology, driving energy efficiency, developing and deploying resiliency and adaptation measures, and investing in energy infrastructure and improving the permitting process, among others. Marriott's position is consistent with the Business Roundtable.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

300000

(4.11.2.10) Describe the aim of this funding and how it could influence policy, law or regulation that may impact the environment

This funding supports the priorities of the Business Roundtable and includes a percentage that goes to Federal lobbying activities.

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

Row 2

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

- Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

- Other trade association in North America, please specify :World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC)

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

- Climate change

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

- Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

- Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

The World Travel and Tourism Council's (WTTC) Action Agenda (set forth in the Report "Leading the Challenge on Climate Change") is comprised of ten action items to advance efforts to address climate change. WTTC and participating members outlined climate change policies and commitments around five themes; accountability and responsibility; local community sustainable growth and capacity building; educating customers and stakeholders; greening supply chains; and innovations, capital investment and infrastructure. Marriott was instrumental in establishing the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) with the International

Tourism Partnership (now known as the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance) and WTTC. This joint effort grew to include over 20 hospitality companies as part of a voluntary, non-binding initiative focused on sustainability benchmarking.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

0

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

Row 3

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

Other trade association in North America, please specify :American Hotel & Lodging Association (AHLA)

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Water

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

- Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

- Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

American Hotel & Lodging Association (AHLA) is the singular voice representing every segment of the hotel industry in the United States including major chains, independent hotels, management companies, REITs, bed and breakfasts, industry partners and more. Marriott is aligned with AHLA on certain priorities and where there may be a diversion with sustainability goal and aims, we follow our own strategies.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

468850.5

(4.11.2.10) Describe the aim of this funding and how it could influence policy, law or regulation that may impact the environment

This funding supports the priorities of AHLA and includes a percentage that goes to Federal lobbying activities.

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

Another global environmental treaty or policy goal, please specify :Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

Row 4

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

Other trade association in North America, please specify :U.S. Travel Association (U.S. Travel)

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

Climate change

Water

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

- Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

U.S. Travel Association (U.S. Travel) is the national, non-profit organization representing all components of the U.S. travel industry—a key contributor to America's economic success. U.S. Travel's mission is to increase travel to and within the United States, and in doing so, fuel our nation's economy and future growth. Marriott's position is consistent with U.S. Travel.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

0

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

- Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

- Paris Agreement
- Another global environmental treaty or policy goal, please specify :Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

Row 5

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

- Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

- Other trade association in North America, please specify :Clean Energy Buyers Association

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

- Climate change

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

- Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

- Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

The Clean Energy Buyers Association (CEBA) is a membership association for energy customers seeking to procure clean energy across the U.S. CEBA's membership includes stakeholders from across the commercial and industrial sector, non-profit organizations, as well as energy providers and service providers. Marriott's position is consistent with CEBA. For example, CEBA's aspiration is to cultivate a global community of energy customers driving clean energy.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

(4.11.2.10) Describe the aim of this funding and how it could influence policy, law or regulation that may impact the environment

The funding is used to support CEBA's overall operations that aim to increase the amount of clean energy available to procure on the electrical grid.

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

Paris Agreement

Row 6

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

Other trade association in North America, please specify :World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Water

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

- Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

- Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

The World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance focuses on bringing together engaged hospitality companies and the wider value chain, along with strategic partners and using the power of the industry to deliver impact locally and on a global scale. To achieve their vision of a prosperous and responsible hospitality sector that gives back to the destination more than it takes, the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance created the Pathway to Net Positive Hospitality. Marriott's position is consistent with the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance. For example, Marriott participated in the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance's work to develop unified sustainability goals for the hospitality industry. Marriott's Serve 360 platform and goals are aligned with the Alliance's Vision.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

39906

(4.11.2.10) Describe the aim of this funding and how it could influence policy, law or regulation that may impact the environment

This funding supports the priorities of the World Sustainable Hospitality Alliance including the mission to accelerate the path to net positive hospitality through strategic industry leadership, collaborative action, harmonization of metrics and regenerative solutions. Please note, the above figure was converted from GBP to USD.

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

- Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

- Paris Agreement
- Another global environmental treaty or policy goal, please specify :Sustainable Development Goal 6 on Clean Water and Sanitation

[Add row]

(4.12) Have you published information about your organization's response to environmental issues for this reporting year in places other than your CDP response?

Select from:

- Yes

(4.12.1) Provide details on the information published about your organization's response to environmental issues for this reporting year in places other than your CDP response. Please attach the publication.

Row 1

(4.12.1.1) Publication

Select from:

- In mainstream reports

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in publication

Select all that apply

- Climate change

(4.12.1.4) Status of the publication

Select from:

- Complete

(4.12.1.5) Content elements

Select all that apply

- Governance
- Risks & Opportunities
- Strategy
- Emission targets

(4.12.1.6) Page/section reference

PDF pages 16, 18-20; Printed pages 10, 12-14

(4.12.1.7) Attach the relevant publication

0001140361-25-010603.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

In Marriott's 2024 Annual Report, information on climate strategy, governance, risks and opportunities, and emissions targets is included.

Row 2

(4.12.1.1) Publication

Select from:

- In mainstream reports

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in publication

Select all that apply

Climate change

(4.12.1.4) Status of the publication

Select from:

Complete

(4.12.1.5) Content elements

Select all that apply

Governance

Strategy

(4.12.1.6) Page/section reference

PDF pages 39 42; Printed pages 34, 37

(4.12.1.7) Attach the relevant publication

0001140361-25-010600.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

In Marriott's 2025 Proxy Statement, information on climate strategy and governance.

Row 3

(4.12.1.1) Publication

Select from:

In voluntary sustainability reports

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in publication

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water
- Biodiversity

(4.12.1.4) Status of the publication

Select from:

- Complete

(4.12.1.5) Content elements

Select all that apply

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Strategy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Value chain engagement |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Governance | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dependencies & Impacts |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emission targets | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biodiversity indicators |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emissions figures | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public policy engagement |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Risks & Opportunities | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Content of environmental policies |

(4.12.1.6) Page/section reference

2025 Serve 360 Report - Global Progress – pages 5-9, 18 2025 Serve 360 Report - Performance Tables & Appendices – pages 2-3, 15-16 2025 Serve 360 Report - Around The World - pages 5-6, 9-13

(4.12.1.7) Attach the relevant publication

2025PerformanceTables.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

Please refer to the above page numbers in each of the provided attachments.

[Add row]

C5. Business strategy

(5.1) Does your organization use scenario analysis to identify environmental outcomes?

Climate change

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

- No, but we plan to within the next two years

(5.1.3) Primary reason why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Select from:

- Other, please specify :Marriott is in the process of updating its scenario analysis further align with regulatory reporting requirements.

(5.1.4) Explain why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Marriott is in the process of updating its scenario analysis to further align with regulatory reporting requirements.

Forests

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

- No, but we plan to within the next two years

(5.1.3) Primary reason why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Select from:

- Other, please specify :Marriott piloted a scenario analysis for biodiversity as part of a biodiversity risk assessment.

(5.1.4) Explain why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Marriott will evaluate opportunities to utilize the newly available Task Force on Nature Related Financial Disclosures for future forests scenario analyses.

Water

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

Yes

(5.1.2) Frequency of analysis

Select from:

Annually

[Fixed row]

(5.1.1) Provide details of the scenarios used in your organization's scenario analysis.

Water

(5.1.1.1) Scenario used

Water scenarios

WRI Aqueduct

(5.1.1.3) Approach to scenario

Select from:

Qualitative

(5.1.1.4) Scenario coverage

Select from:

Organization-wide

(5.1.1.5) Risk types considered in scenario

Select all that apply

- Acute physical
- Chronic physical

(5.1.1.7) Reference year

2023

(5.1.1.8) Timeframes covered

Select all that apply

- 2030
- 2050
- 2080

(5.1.1.9) Driving forces in scenario

Local ecosystem asset interactions, dependencies and impacts

- Climate change (one of five drivers of nature change)

Stakeholder and customer demands

- Consumer sentiment
- Consumer attention to impact

Regulators, legal and policy regimes

- Global regulation

Relevant technology and science

- Granularity of available data (from aggregated to local)

(5.1.1.10) Assumptions, uncertainties and constraints in scenario

Marriott utilizes the WRI Aqueduct tool to determine locations with at least high baseline water stress. As noted in the WRI Aqueduct tool's methodology, the "framework is designed to translate complex hydrological data into intuitive indicators of water-related risk. The projections centered around three periods (2030, 2050, and 2080) under three future scenarios (business-as-usual SSP 3 RCP 7.0, optimistic SSP 1 RCP 2.6, and pessimistic SSP 5 RCP 8.5)".

(5.1.1.11) Rationale for choice of scenario

Marriott utilizes the WRI Aqueduct tool to determine locations with at least high baseline water stress. This allows the company to conduct an annual assessment of locations, including any new locations added to Marriott's portfolio of owned, leased and managed properties.

[Add row]

(5.1.2) Provide details of the outcomes of your organization's scenario analysis.

Water

(5.1.2.1) Business processes influenced by your analysis of the reported scenarios

Select all that apply

- Risk and opportunities identification, assessment and management
- Strategy and financial planning
- Resilience of business model and strategy
- Capacity building

(5.1.2.2) Coverage of analysis

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(5.1.2.3) Summarize the outcomes of the scenario analysis and any implications for other environmental issues

Typically, on an annual basis, Marriott also uses the WRI Aqueduct tool to evaluate water stress (defined as the ratio of demand for water by human society divided by available water) for the company's owned, managed, and leased portfolio. Based on this assessment, the company identified the quantity of water withdrawals from areas with high, extremely high or arid water stress.

[Fixed row]

(5.2) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan?

(5.2.1) Transition plan

Select from:

No, but we are developing a climate transition plan within the next two years

(5.2.15) Primary reason for not having a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world

Select from:

Other, please specify :A climate transition plan is currently being developed based on guidance from reporting mandates.

(5.2.16) Explain why your organization does not have a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world

Marriott is currently in process of updating our climate-related risk and opportunity assessment to further align with regulatory reporting requirements, and support the development of a formal climate transition plan.

[Fixed row]

(5.4) In your organization's financial accounting, do you identify spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition?

	Identification of spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition
	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, and we do not plan to in the next two years

[Fixed row]

(5.5) Does your organization invest in research and development (R&D) of low-carbon products or services related to your sector activities?

(5.5.1) Investment in low-carbon R&D

Select from:

No

(5.5.2) Comment

We currently do not directly invest in low-carbon research and development for real estate and construction activities because we have an asset-light business, and the majority of construction activities are undertaken by property owners directly. Marriott engages with strategic suppliers to co-develop low-carbon solutions.
 [Fixed row]

(5.10) Does your organization use an internal price on environmental externalities?

	Use of internal pricing of environmental externalities	Primary reason for not pricing environmental externalities	Explain why your organization does not price environmental externalities
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, and we do not plan to in the next two years	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify :Not a current component of Marriott’s environmental strategy	<i>Not a current component of Marriott's environmental strategy</i>

[Fixed row]

(5.11) Do you engage with your value chain on environmental issues?

Suppliers

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

Climate change

Forests

Water

Plastics

Smallholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(5.11.3) Primary reason for not engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Other, please specify :Not applicable

(5.11.4) Explain why you do not engage with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Marriott's procurement services providers are responsible for engaging with smallholders.

Customers

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water
- Plastics

Investors and shareholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

- Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change
- Forests
- Water
- Plastics

Other value chain stakeholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

- Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- Climate change

- Forests
 - Water
 - Plastics
- [Fixed row]*

(5.11.1) Does your organization assess and classify suppliers according to their dependencies and/or impacts on the environment?

Climate change

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

- Yes, we assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for assessing supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select all that apply

- Contribution to supplier-related Scope 3 emissions
- Impact on water availability
- Impact on deforestation or conversion of other natural ecosystems
- Impact on plastic waste and pollution
- Impact on pollution levels

(5.11.1.3) % Tier 1 suppliers assessed

Select from:

- Unknown

(5.11.1.4) Define a threshold for classifying suppliers as having substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Avendra suppliers with EcoVadis scores less than 45 are invited to take part in an improvement plan. Additionally, one of Marriott's SBTi-verified targets is that at least 22% of our suppliers, as measured by emissions, set science-based or science-aligned targets by 2028.

(5.11.1.5) % Tier 1 suppliers meeting the threshold for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

Unknown

Forests

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

Yes, we assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for assessing supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select all that apply

Impact on water availability

Impact on deforestation or conversion of other natural ecosystems

Impact on pollution levels

(5.11.1.3) % Tier 1 suppliers assessed

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.1.4) Define a threshold for classifying suppliers as having substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Avendra suppliers with EcoVadis scores less than 45 are invited to take part in an improvement plan.

(5.11.1.5) % Tier 1 suppliers meeting the threshold for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

Unknown

Water

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

No, we do not currently assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers, but we plan to do so within the next two years

Plastics

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

No, we do not currently assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers, but we plan to do so within the next two years

[Fixed row]

(5.11.2) Does your organization prioritize which suppliers to engage with on environmental issues?

Climate change

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes, we prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria informing which suppliers are prioritized for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

Procurement spend

Supplier performance improvement

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. In addition to this screening, suppliers are expected to adhere to the following requirements: Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. Marriott, Avendra and Entegra suppliers have been assessed for volume of emissions.

Forests

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes, we prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria informing which suppliers are prioritized for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- Business risk mitigation
- Reputation management

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. In addition to this screening, suppliers are expected to adhere to the following requirements: Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

Water

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

No, we do not prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.3) Primary reason for no supplier prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

Other, please specify :Marriott does not currently prioritize which suppliers to engage with on water.

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

Marriott does not currently prioritize which suppliers to engage with on water, as the company has not yet conducted an assessment to determine the level of prioritization. However, we do prioritize which suppliers to engage with on forests and climate.

Plastics

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

No, we do not prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.3) Primary reason for no supplier prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

Other, please specify :Marriott does not currently prioritize which suppliers to engage with on plastics.

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

Marriott does not currently prioritize which suppliers to engage with on plastics, as the company has not yet conducted an assessment to determine the level of prioritization. However, we do prioritize which suppliers to engage with on forests and climate. For example, Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. In addition to this screening, suppliers are expected to adhere to the following requirements: Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

[Fixed row]

(5.11.5) Do your suppliers have to meet environmental requirements as part of your organization's purchasing process?

Climate change

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment, include requirements to provide information about and address climate change. Avendra suppliers with an EcoVadis score less than 45 are asked to take part in an improvement plan. Additionally, one of Marriott's SBTi-verified targets is that at least 22% of our suppliers, as measured by emissions, set science-based or science-aligned targets by 2028. To execute on this goal, we are working to engage our top suppliers (by emissions) by sharing educational resources a

Forests

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment, include requirements on forests/biodiversity. Avendra suppliers with an EcoVadis score less than 45 are asked to take part in an improvement plan.

Water

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new

contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment include requirements on water. Avendra suppliers with an EcoVadis score less than 45 are asked to take part in an improvement plan.

[Fixed row]

(5.11.6) Provide details of the environmental requirements that suppliers have to meet as part of your organization's purchasing process, and the compliance measures in place.

Climate change

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

- Environmental disclosure through a non-public platform

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

- Supplier self-assessment

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment, include requirements on forests/biodiversity.

Forests

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

- Environmental disclosure through a non-public platform

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

- Supplier self-assessment

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment, include requirements on forests/biodiversity.

Water

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

- Environmental disclosure through a non-public platform

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

- Supplier self-assessment

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines and suppliers are invited to complete the EcoVadis assessment, while new such contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment. These Guidelines, along with the EcoVadis assessment, include requirements on water.

[Add row]

(5.11.7) Provide further details of your organization's supplier engagement on environmental issues.

Climate change

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

- Emissions reduction

(5.11.7.3) Type and details of engagement

Capacity building

- Provide training, support and best practices on how to measure GHG emissions
- Provide training, support and best practices on how to mitigate environmental impact
- Provide training, support and best practices on how to set science-based targets
- Support suppliers to develop public time-bound action plans with clear milestones
- Support suppliers to set their own environmental commitments across their operations

(5.11.7.4) Upstream value chain coverage

Select all that apply

- Tier 1 suppliers

(5.11.7.5) % of tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend covered by engagement

Select from:

- Unknown

(5.11.7.6) % of tier 1 supplier-related scope 3 emissions covered by engagement

Select from:

- Unknown

(5.11.7.9) Describe the engagement and explain the effect of your engagement on the selected environmental action

Marriott used spend data and 3rd party category emissions cofactors to determine our top global suppliers by volume of GHG emissions, including both centrally contracted and GPO contracted suppliers.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers meet an environmental requirement related to this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes, please specify the environmental requirement :Marriott's top suppliers (by emissions) have been asked to commit to a science-based target by 2028.

(5.11.7.11) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers engage with their own suppliers on the selected action

Select from:

No

Forests

(5.11.7.1) Commodity

Select from:

Timber products

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

No deforestation and/or conversion of other natural ecosystems

(5.11.7.3) Type and details of engagement

Information collection

Other information collection activity, please specify :Supplier policies and processes related to deforestation

(5.11.7.4) Upstream value chain coverage

Select all that apply

- Tier 1 suppliers

(5.11.7.5) % of tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend covered by engagement

Select from:

- Unknown

(5.11.7.9) Describe the engagement and explain the effect of your engagement on the selected environmental action

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Suppliers are educated about the issue of deforestation, which may lead them to take action. We have not begun to engage Tier 1 suppliers on engaging their own suppliers to address climate change.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers meet an environmental requirement related to this environmental issue

Select from:

- No, this engagement is unrelated to meeting an environmental requirement

(5.11.7.11) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers engage with their own suppliers on the selected action

Select from:

- No

Water

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

- No other supplier engagement

Plastics

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

No other supplier engagement

[Add row]

(5.11.9) Provide details of any environmental engagement activity with other stakeholders in the value chain.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Customers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the environmental impacts about your products, goods and/or services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott works with our sales teams to better understand and works to meet the needs of our business travel and group customers. From in-person trainings to educational modules, we work with sales associates to enable them to effectively communicate sustainability and social impact efforts and progress at the individual hotel and macro levels to their customers. Additionally, we offer direct customer engagement opportunities, including sharing updates and progress toward our sustainability goals, helping customers understand their carbon and water footprint impact data, and identifying potential areas in which to collaborate, from responsible sourcing to volunteerism activities and food waste reduction initiatives. We communicate periodically with our corporate customers about our sustainability goals by developing progress slides for use by the Global Sales Organization, attending quarterly business review calls, presenting at global customer events, distributing sustainability & social impact information to sales teams, and providing hotel sustainability information during the RFP process. Additionally, our practice generally is to provide corporate customers with their business travel footprint at our properties, highlighting the standard industry calculation methodologies, the Hotel Carbon/Water Measurement Initiatives. We aim to also identify pilot opportunities for us to work with our customers to support the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common. Approximately 30 customers requested Marriott's participation in the CDP supplier program in 2025. To further engage customers, in late 2024 after a successful pilot, Marriott launched Connect Responsibly, designed to embed sustainability efforts into meetings and events, as well as provide meeting impact reporting, among other items. This is primarily in response to meeting planner requests to have visibility into their meetings' impacts (carbon, water, waste, and food waste). We also publicly report on Marriott's climate-related metrics, including GHG emissions in the company's Serve 360 Report.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

Approximately 30 customers requested Marriott's participation in the CDP supplier program in 2025. We also aim to identify pilot opportunities for us to work with our customers to support the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common.

Forests

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

- Customers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

- Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the environmental impacts about your products, goods and/or services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

- Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott works with our sales teams to better understand and works to meet the needs of our business travel and group customers. From in-person trainings to educational modules, we work with sales associates to enable them to effectively communicate sustainability and social impact efforts and progress at the individual hotel and macro levels to their customers. Additionally, we offer direct customer engagement opportunities, including sharing updates and progress toward our sustainability goals, helping customers understand their carbon and water footprint impact data, and identifying potential areas in which to collaborate, from responsible sourcing to volunteerism activities and food waste reduction initiatives. We communicate periodically with our corporate customers about our sustainability goals by developing progress slides for use by the Global Sales Organization, attending quarterly business review calls, presenting at global customer events, distributing sustainability & social impact information to sales teams, and providing hotel sustainability information during the RFP process. Additionally, our practice generally is to provide corporate customers with their business travel footprint at our properties, highlighting the standard industry calculation methodologies, the Hotel Carbon/Water Measurement Initiatives. We also aim to identify pilot opportunities for us to work with our customers to support the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common. Approximately 30 customers requested Marriott's participation in the CDP supplier program in 2025. To further engage customers, in late 2024 after a successful pilot, Marriott launched Connect Responsibly, designed to embed sustainability efforts into meetings and events, as well as provide meeting impact reporting and access to nature-based carbon offset projects, among other items. This is primarily in response to meeting planner requests to have visibility into their meetings' impacts (carbon, water, waste, and food waste). We also publicly report on Marriott's forest and biodiversity-related initiatives in the company's Serve 360 Report.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

Customers are educated about our forest-related efforts, and we have been able to identify potential pilot opportunities for us to work together on the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common.

Water

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Customers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the environmental impacts about your products, goods and/or services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott works with our sales teams to better understand and works to meet the needs of our business travel and group customers. From in-person trainings to educational modules, we work with sales associates to enable them to effectively communicate sustainability and social impact efforts and progress at the individual hotel and macro levels to their customers. Additionally, we offer direct customer engagement opportunities, including sharing updates and progress toward our sustainability goals, helping customers understand their carbon and water footprint impact data, and identifying potential areas in which to collaborate, from responsible sourcing to volunteerism activities and food waste reduction initiatives. We communicate periodically with our corporate customers about our sustainability goals by developing progress slides for use by the Global Sales Organization, attending quarterly business review calls, presenting at global customer events, distributing sustainability & social impact information to sales teams, and providing hotel sustainability information during the RFP process. Additionally, our practice generally is to provide corporate customers with their business travel footprint at our properties, highlighting the standard industry calculation methodologies, the Hotel Carbon/Water Measurement Initiatives. We also aim to identify pilot opportunities for us to work with our customers to support the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common. Approximately 30 customers requested Marriott's participation in the CDP supplier program in 2025. To further engage customers, in late 2024 after a successful pilot, Marriott launched Connect Responsibly, designed to embed sustainability efforts into meetings and events, as well as provide meeting impact reporting, among other items. This is primarily in response to meeting planner requests to have visibility into their meetings' impacts (carbon, water, waste, and food waste). We also publicly report on Marriott's water-related metrics in the company's Serve 360 Report.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

Approximately 30 customers requested Marriott's participation in the CDP supplier program in 2025. We also aim identified pilot opportunities for us to work with our customers to support the sustainability and social impact goals we have in common.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Investors and shareholders

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

Share information about your products and relevant certification schemes

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott directly engages with investors to share information on our company's Serve 360 initiatives, targets and strategy. We also publicly report on Marriott's climate-related metrics annually, including GHG emissions and climate strategy, in the company's Serve 360 Report which is available publicly to all investors. Some of Marriott's investors also look to raters and rankers that score the company on environmental, social and/or governance-related topics. We indirectly engage with our investors through these questionnaires to provide information, which is then scored.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

In 2024, Marriott hosted calls or responded via email to approximately 30 investors requesting this type of engagement.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Other value chain stakeholder, please specify :Procurement Service Providers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Innovation and collaboration

Collaborate with stakeholders on innovations to reduce environmental impacts in products and services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott engages with our procurement services providers, including Avendra. Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. This engagement helps to support Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 responsible sourcing and climate goals. Marriott also engages with GPOs, and other industry members to help grow responsible sourcing markets and support the company's responsible product guidelines.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

As of year-end 2024, Avendra invited approximately 96% of in-scope contracted manufacturers and 94% of in-scope contracted distributors to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, 85% of manufacturers and 73% of distributors were scored.

Forests

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Investors and shareholders

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

Share information about your products and relevant certification schemes

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott engages with investors to share information on our company's Serve 360 initiatives, targets and strategy. We also publicly report on Marriott's responsible sourcing and biodiversity-related information and metrics in the company's Serve 360 Report which is available publicly to all investors. Some of Marriott's investors also look to raters and rankers that score the company on environmental, social and/or governance-related topics. We indirectly engage with our investors through these questionnaires to provide information, which is then scored.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

In 2024, Marriott hosted calls or responded via email to approximately 30 investors requesting this type of engagement.

Forests

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Other value chain stakeholder, please specify :Procurement Service Providers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Innovation and collaboration

Collaborate with stakeholders on innovations to reduce environmental impacts in products and services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott engages with our procurement services providers, including Avendra. Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and

social criteria. This engagement helps to support Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 responsible sourcing goals. Marriott also engages with GPOs, and other industry members to help grow responsible sourcing markets and support the company's responsible product requirements.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

As of year-end 2024, Avendra invited approximately 96% of in-scope contracted manufacturers and 94% of in-scope contracted distributors to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, 85% of manufacturers and 73% of distributors were scored.

Water

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Investors and shareholders

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

Share information on environmental initiatives, progress and achievements

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott engages with investors to share information on our company's Serve 360 initiatives, targets and strategy. We also publicly report on Marriott's water-related metrics annually, in the company's Serve 360 Report which is available publicly to all investors. Some of Marriott's investors also look to raters and rankers that score the company on environmental, social and/or governance-related topics. We indirectly engage with our investors through these questionnaires to provide information, which is then scored.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

In 2024, Marriott hosted calls or responded via email to approximately 30 investors requesting this type of engagement.

Water

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Other value chain stakeholder, please specify :Procurement Service Providers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Innovation and collaboration

Collaborate with stakeholders on innovations to reduce environmental impacts in products and services

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Marriott engages with our procurement services providers. Avendra, Marriott's procurement services provider in North America, the Caribbean, and Central America during the reporting period, screens suppliers and their products within and outside of Marriott's Top 10 priority categories on environmental and social criteria. Marriott also engages with GPOs, and other industry members to help grow responsible sourcing markets and support the company's responsible product requirements.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

As of year-end 2024, Avendra invited approximately 96% of in-scope contracted manufacturers and 94% of in-scope contracted distributors to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, 85% of manufacturers and 73% of distributors were scored.

[Add row]

(5.13) Has your organization already implemented any mutually beneficial environmental initiatives due to CDP Supply Chain member engagement?

	Environmental initiatives implemented due to CDP Supply Chain member engagement	Primary reason for not implementing environmental initiatives	Explain why your organization has not implemented any environmental initiatives
	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, and we do not plan to within the next two years	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify :information not requested	<i>Information has not yet been requested.</i>

[Fixed row]

C6. Environmental Performance - Consolidation Approach

(6.1) Provide details on your chosen consolidation approach for the calculation of environmental performance data.

	Consolidation approach used	Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach
Climate change	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operational control	<i>This approach aligns with Marriott's Serve 360 Report. Please note, Marriott also reports on franchised emissions as a Scope 3 category.</i>
Forests	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operational control	<i>This approach aligns with Marriott's Serve 360 Report.</i>
Water	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operational control	<i>This approach aligns with Marriott's Serve 360 Report.</i>
Plastics	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operational control	<i>This approach aligns with Marriott's Serve 360 Report.</i>
Biodiversity	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Operational control	<i>This approach aligns with Marriott's Serve 360 Report.</i>

[Fixed row]

C7. Environmental performance - Climate Change

(7.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP?

Select from:

No

(7.1.1) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

	Has there been a structural change?
	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

[Fixed row]

(7.1.2) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?

	Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition?
	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

[Fixed row]

(7.2) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.

Select all that apply

- The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition)

(7.3) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

(7.3.1) Scope 2, location-based

Select from:

- We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

(7.3.2) Scope 2, market-based

Select from:

- We are reporting a Scope 2, market-based figure

(7.3.3) Comment

Marriott publicly reports both market- and location-based Scope 2 metrics. Progress in relation to our GHG emissions targets is measured using market-based Scope 2 emissions.

[Fixed row]

(7.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

Select from:

- No

(7.5) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1313062

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 2 (location-based)

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5299482

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 2 (market-based)

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services**(7.5.1) Base year end**

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4393474

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Base year was calculated based on a spend-based methodology. Spend data is mapped to EPA's USEEIO emission factor dataset to calculate category 1 emissions. The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods**(7.5.1) Base year end**

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1094346

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Base year was calculated based on a spend-based methodology. Capital spend data is mapped to EPA's USEEIO emission factor dataset to calculate category 2 emissions. The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1643339

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Base year was calculated based on usage-based methodology. Energy consumption at managed properties is mapped to DEFRA well to tank, and IEA transportation and distribution loss emission factors. The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

216784

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Base year was calculated based on usage-based methodology. Actual waste data and waste data extrapolated based on the Hotel Waste Measurement Methodology (HWMM) are mapped to the EPA's emission factor hub factors. The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

661933

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Base year was calculated based on headcount-based methodology. Employee headcount is used to calculate emissions based on assumptions of travel types and average commute distances by continent. The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 10: Processing of sold products

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 13: Downstream leased assets

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3 category 14: Franchises

(7.5.1) Base year end

12/31/2019

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5324362

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The baseline year for emissions data reporting, global and regional, was updated to 2019 to align with Marriott International's science-based targets.

Scope 3 category 15: Investments

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3: Other (upstream)

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

Scope 3: Other (downstream)

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Not applicable

[Fixed row]

(7.6) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

(7.6.1) Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1273630

(7.6.3) Methodological details

Marriott measures its gross global Scope 1 emissions by taking inventory of consumed energy relevant to Scope 1 sources (e.g., natural gas) from utility invoices and other reporting and multiplying usages by an appropriate emission factor.

[Fixed row]

(7.7) What were your organization's gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

(7.7.1) Gross global Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5370293

(7.7.2) Gross global Scope 2, market-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5364156

(7.7.4) Methodological details

Marriott measures its gross global Scope 2 emissions by taking inventory of consumed electricity and district heating & cooling (e.g., steam, hot/chilled water) from utility invoices & other reporting and multiplying consumption by an appropriate emission factor.

[Fixed row]

(7.8) Account for your organization's gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

3860184

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Spend-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

Spend on purchased goods and services were mapped to known spend-based emission factors or proxy factors where applicable, based on the US EPA USEEIO supply chain GHG emission factors.

Capital goods

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

582594

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Spend-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

Spend on capital goods were mapped to known spend-based emission factors or proxy factors where applicable, based on the US EPA USEEIO supply chain GHG emission factors.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO₂e)

1335320

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Fuel-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

100

(7.8.5) Please explain

Global Scope 1 and Scope 2 energy usages were mapped to geographic-specific upstream emissions factors and transportation & distribution loss factors from EPA, IEA, and other sources.

Upstream transportation and distribution

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Upstream transportation and distribution emissions are included in the Purchased Goods and Services Category, as goods purchased on behalf of owners for properties do not typically incur separate transportation fees.

Waste generated in operations

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

185926

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Waste-type-specific method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

Volumetric and spend-based waste data were compiled for managed properties and mapped to EPA emission factors based on waste type and disposal method.

Business travel

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.5) Please explain

Business travel is not part of our SBTi-verified baseline.

Employee commuting

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

621863

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Distance-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

Utilized research on employee commuting to estimate average transportation method and mileage for four regions (North America, APAC, EMEA, and CALA) to determine average travel by type per employee by region. Used EPA and DEFRA factors to calculate emissions.

Upstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

The upstream leased assets category is not relevant for our Scope 3 accounting, as we have included estimates of these properties' emissions in Scope 1 & 2.

Downstream transportation and distribution

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Emissions associated with downstream transportation and distribution have been estimated at a high level and are excluded as immaterial.

Processing of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

As a hospitality company, Marriott provides services at our managed and franchised properties and does not manufacture products that are processed by third parties.

Use of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Emissions associated with use of sold products have been estimated at a high level and are excluded as immaterial.

End of life treatment of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Emissions associated with end-of-life treatment of sold products have been estimated at a high level and are excluded as immaterial.

Downstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Owning properties to be leased and operated by others is not part of our business model.

Franchises

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

5511854

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Other, please specify :Scope 1 + Scope 2 emissions methodology for franchised properties

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

Marriott continues to work to refine its systems for collecting and reporting energy and greenhouse gas emissions data, and to integrate franchised properties into the Marriott Environmental Sustainability Hub (MESH). This metric is based on market-based emissions and uses the same data validation and extrapolation methodology applied to energy consumption and scope 1 and 2 emissions at Marriott's managed hotels.

Investments

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Investments is not a part of our SBTi-verified baseline.

Other (upstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Marriott is not aware of any other upstream sources.

Other (downstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

Marriott is not aware of any other downstream sources.

[Fixed row]

(7.9) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

	Verification/assurance status
Scope 1	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 3	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification or assurance process in place

[Fixed row]

(7.9.1) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.1.1) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.1.2) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.1.3) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.1.4) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.1.5) Page/section reference

Pages 1-2

(7.9.1.6) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.1.7) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

[Add row]

(7.9.2) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 2 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.2.1) Scope 2 approach

Select from:

- Scope 2 market-based

(7.9.2.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

- Annual process

(7.9.2.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

- Complete

(7.9.2.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

- Limited assurance

(7.9.2.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.2.6) Page/ section reference

Pages 1-2

(7.9.2.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

- ISAE3000

(7.9.2.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

Row 2**(7.9.2.1) Scope 2 approach**

Select from:

Scope 2 location-based

(7.9.2.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.2.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.2.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.2.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.2.6) Page/ section reference

Pages 1-2

(7.9.2.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.2.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

[Add row]

(7.9.3) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 3 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Purchased goods and services

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 2

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Capital goods

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 3

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 4

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Waste generated in operations

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 5

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Business travel

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 6

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Employee commuting

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Row 7

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

Scope 3: Franchises

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

ERM CVS - Limited Assurance Report for Marriott 2024 [FINAL].pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 1- 2

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

ISAE3000

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

[Add row]

(7.10) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?

Select from:

Increased

(7.10.1) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

Change in renewable energy consumption

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO₂e)

58533

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0.92

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott estimates a -0.92% decrease in emissions due to a change in renewable energy consumption. The numerator used in this calculation is -58,533 mT CO₂e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO₂e. Marriott's renewable energy is primarily Guarantee of Origin green procurement in Europe.

Other emissions reduction activities

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO₂e)

25368

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0.4

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott estimates a -0.4% decrease in emissions due to other emissions reduction activities. Such emissions activities come from hotels undertaking energy conservation/efficiency projects. The numerator used in this calculation is -25,368 mT CO₂e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO₂e. Please note while Marriott is reporting the impact of emissions reduction activities, further details of said emissions reduction activities are not provided.

Divestment

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO₂e)

60020

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0.94

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott estimates a -0.94% decrease in emissions due to managed hotels that are no longer in the portfolio (25). The numerator used in this calculation is -60,020 mT CO₂e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO₂e.

Acquisitions

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

155596

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Increased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

2.45

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott estimates a 2.45% increase in emissions due to hotel acquisitions or openings In 2024. The numerator used in this calculation is 155,596 mT CO2e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO2e

Mergers

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott did not have any changes in emissions due to mergers.

Change in output

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

332746

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Increased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

5.23

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

In 2024, Marriott estimates a 5.23% increase in emissions due to change in output. The numerator used in this calculation is 332,746 mT CO2e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO2e. Change in emissions primarily due to change in occupancy.

Change in methodology

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

63403

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

1

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

Changes in methodology occurred from grid electrification rendering a decrease of -63,403 mT CO₂e (-1%). The numerator used in this calculation is -63,403 mT CO₂e and the denominator is Marriott's 2023 Scope 1 and 2 emissions which were 6,356,768 Mt CO₂e.

Change in boundary

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO₂e)

0

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

Changes in boundary did not result in any known impacts on Marriott's emissions during the reporting period

Change in physical operating conditions

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO₂e)

0

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

Changes in physical operating conditions did not result in any known impacts on Marriott's emissions during the reporting period

Unidentified

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

There were no known unidentified factors that impacted Marriott's emissions during the reporting period.

[Fixed row]

(7.10.2) Are your emissions performance calculations in 7.10 and 7.10.1 based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?

Select from:

Market-based

(7.12) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization?

Select from:

No

(7.15) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?

Select from:

Yes

(7.15.1) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used global warming potential (GWP).

Row 1

(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas

Select from:

CO2

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)

1207443

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Select from:

IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 - 100 year)

Row 2

(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas

Select from:

CH4

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Select from:

IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 - 100 year)

Row 3**(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas**

Select from:

N2O

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)

1044

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Select from:

IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 - 100 year)

Row 4**(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas**

Select from:

Other, please specify :Extrapolated generic refrigerant fugitive emissions

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)

64314

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Select from:

IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 - 100 year)

[Add row]

(7.16) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 and 2 emissions by country/area.

Albania

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

86.702

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

Algeria

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1688.014

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

9182.814

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9182.814

Argentina

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

3053.739

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3642.41

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3642.41

Armenia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1092.628

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1144.054

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1144.054

Aruba

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1829.03

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

12359.234

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

12359.234

Australia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

12381.289

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

72456.234

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

88986.365

Austria

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

440.144

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

4486.847

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3272.536

Azerbaijan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

3898.49

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

10399.37

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

10399.37

Bahrain

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2844.205

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

43161.909

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

43161.909

Bangladesh

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

3420.135

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

15160.617

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

15160.617

Barbados

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

634.641

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

5046.318

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5046.318

Belgium

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1666.253

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1023.657

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

31.109

Bermuda

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

367.54

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1333.169

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1333.169

Bhutan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

135.055

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1601.988

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1601.988

Brazil

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4027.19

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2019.83

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2019.83

Cambodia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

781.834

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

4809.644

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

4809.644

Canada

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

45154.39

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

53177.03

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

53177.74

Cayman Islands

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1063.21

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

9991.2

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9991.2

Chile

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2493.35

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

5836.401

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5836.401

China

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

321033.83

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1538010.28

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1540790.4

Colombia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

862.208

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1291.558

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1291.558

Costa Rica

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4701.98

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

9.95

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

263.9

Cyprus

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

325.03

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1062.19

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1062.19

Czechia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1658.093

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

6644.273

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9568.676

Dominican Republic

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2121.118

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

15687.708

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

15687.708

Egypt

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

23193.582

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

67184.521

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

67184.521

El Salvador

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

214.091

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

233.614

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

233.614

Ethiopia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2553.236

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

0.793

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

0.793

Fiji

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4091.198

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

5523.185

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5523.185

France

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2132.568

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

4825.924

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

4191.616

French Polynesia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1221.154

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2038.785

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2038.785

Georgia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2513.124

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2102.907

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2102.907

Germany

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1577.24

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

28714.88

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

30103.58

Ghana

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

240.699

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1539.954

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1539.954

Greece

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2140.58

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

4634.192

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

6696.991

Guatemala

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2.498

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

197.815

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

197.815

Guyana

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

107.32

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

5394.946

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5394.946

Haiti

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

220.463

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1471.472

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1471.472

Honduras

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

160.145

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

420.103

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

420.103

Hungary

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1599.407

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2513.582

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

4006.234

Iceland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

95.438

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

83.021

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1632.33

India

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

42876.43

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

379556.52

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

379552.58

Indonesia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

16221.79

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

269442.95

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

269442.95

Ireland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

919.85

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1106.67

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1667.929

Israel

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

577.02

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

6245.74

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

7545.51

Italy

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

6660.197

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

19868.18

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5508.06

Jamaica

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

107.51

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

716.231

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

716.231

Japan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

14174.22

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

78404.78

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

74887.51

Jordan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

7148.39

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

23535.94

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

23535.94

Kazakhstan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

384.58

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

23833.16

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

23833.16

Kenya

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1299.708

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

529.951

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

529.951

Kuwait

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1300.312

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

31398.572

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

31398.572

Lebanon

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1434.245

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

159.609

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

159.609

Malawi

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

55.643

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

563.636

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

563.636

Malaysia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

13699.87

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

178289.6

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

164738.19

Maldives

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

31630.125

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3177.692

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3177.692

Malta

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

474.411

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3037.542

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3519.669

Mexico

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

21674.82

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

55204.39

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

55211.84

Monaco

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

45.192

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

443.919

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

443.919

Morocco

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1355.949

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

9894.529

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9894.529

Nepal

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

619.008

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

Netherlands

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1780.464

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2538.833

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

805.28

New Caledonia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

806.82

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2623.582

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2623.582

New Zealand

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

739.483

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

559.572

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

559.572

Nigeria

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5961.379

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

9945.864

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9945.864

North Macedonia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

37.169

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2439.386

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2439.386

Oman

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

3555.95

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

24374.64

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

24374.64

Panama

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1734.126

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

4585.944

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

4585.944

Paraguay

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

369.056

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

Peru

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1834.151

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3253.512

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3253.512

Philippines

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4252.63

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

57422.26

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

57422.26

Poland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

496.279

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

14172.778

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

9673.039

Portugal

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2012.22

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3457.74

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

5213.31

Puerto Rico

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4855.09

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

38477.06

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

39690.62

Qatar

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

15694.67

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

153851.41

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

153854.565

Republic of Korea

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

11671.93

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

41707.31

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

41707.31

Romania

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1055.894

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1393.261

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1069.008

Rwanda

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1312.462

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3481.394

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

3481.394

Samoa

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

364.377

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1706.374

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1706.374

Saudi Arabia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

13147.23

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

206830.55

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

206830.55

Senegal

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

0

Serbia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

16.513

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1311.214

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1651.319

Singapore

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2562.55

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

29605.31

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

29601.95

South Africa

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2623.53

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

49283.6

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

49322.69

Spain

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4540.478

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

8336.076

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

311.449

Sri Lanka

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1290.554

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

10295.946

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

10295.946

Switzerland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

212.5

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1689.95

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1593.55

Taiwan, China

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2013.249

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

21055.657

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

22999.681

Thailand

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

20665.92

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

163245.95

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

163245.95

Trinidad and Tobago

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

113.995

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

664.75

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

664.75

Tunisia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

846.201

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1567.009

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

1567.009

Turkey

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

11482.58

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

29857.63

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

29857.63

Turks and Caicos Islands

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

783.44

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1399.32

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2292.92

United Arab Emirates

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

35672.91

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

318066.6

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

318179.94

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

32316.15

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

21241.39

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

40718.23

United States of America

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

450684.36

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

1004743.93

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

990450.11

United States Virgin Islands

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

890.12

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2849.88

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

2849.88

Uruguay

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

97.259

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

62.937

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

62.937

Viet Nam

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

12979.23

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

101428.58

(7.16.3) Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)

101428.58

[Fixed row]

(7.17) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

Select all that apply

By business division

(7.17.1) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business division.

	Business division	Scope 1 emissions (metric ton CO2e)
Row 1	<i>Europe, Middle East, and Africa</i>	204253
Row 2	<i>Caribbean and Latin America</i>	54318
Row 3	<i>United States and Canada</i>	496647
Row 4	<i>Asia Pacific Excluding China (APEC)</i>	195364
Row 5	<i>Greater China</i>	323047

[Add row]

(7.20) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

Select all that apply

By business division

(7.20.1) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business division.

	Business division	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)
Row 1	<i>Caribbean and Latin America</i>	172150	174518
Row 2	<i>Asia Pacific Excluding China (APEC)</i>	1417018	1416472
Row 3	<i>Europe, Middle East, and Africa</i>	1163613	1165339
Row 4	<i>United States and Canada</i>	1058447	1044036
Row 5	<i>Greater China</i>	1559066	1563790

[Add row]

(7.22) Break down your gross Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions between your consolidated accounting group and other entities included in your response.

Consolidated accounting group

(7.22.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1273630

(7.22.2) Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5370293

(7.22.3) Scope 2, market-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5364156

(7.22.4) Please explain

It is intended that Marriott's consolidated accounting group aligns with its operational control boundary, which is used to determine boundary for GHG reporting.

All other entities

(7.22.1) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.22.2) Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.22.3) Scope 2, market-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.22.4) Please explain

Other entities, including joint ventures, are outside of Marriott's operational control and therefore are excluded from our GHG emission boundary.
[Fixed row]

(7.23) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response?

Select from:

No

(7.26) Allocate your emissions to your customers listed below according to the goods or services you have sold them in this reporting period.

Row 1

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Accenture

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

27448

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 2

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Air France - KLM

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

- Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

- Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

- Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

- Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

3709

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 3

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

AstraZeneca

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions*Energy used in hotel operations***(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?***Select from:* No**(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made***Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology***Row 4****(7.26.1) Requesting member***Select from:* Bank of America**(7.26.2) Scope of emissions***Select from:* Scope 2: market-based**(7.26.4) Allocation level***Select from:*

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

6139

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 5

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Bristol-Myers Squibb

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1448

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 6

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Capgemini SE

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1936

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 7

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Cisco Systems, Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

4312

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 8

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

42110

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 9

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Ecolab Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

- Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

- Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1778

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

- No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 10

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Edward Jones

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1843

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 11

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Experian Group

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

235

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 12

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Gartner, Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1856

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 13

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Givaudan SA

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

234

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 14

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

HP Inc

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1168

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 15

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Jacobs Solutions Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

592

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 16

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

L'Oréal

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

1602

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 17

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

McKinsey & Company, Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

- Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

- Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

32404

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

- No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 18

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

MetLife, Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

416

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 19

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

News Corp

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

174

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 20

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

PayPal Holdings Inc

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

149

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 21

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Salesforce, Inc.

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

3777

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 22

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

TD Bank Group

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1341

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 23

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

UBS Group AG

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

3568

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 24

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Visa

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 25

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Xylem Inc

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

- Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

- Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

383

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

- No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

Row 26

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

Airbus SE

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

Scope 2: market-based

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

Allocation based on the number of units purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Other unit, please specify :Room Nights

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO₂e

2841

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

10

(7.26.11) Major sources of emissions

Energy Used in hotel operations

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Emissions allocated using the Hotel Carbon Measurement Initiative (HCMI) methodology

[Add row]

(7.27) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to different customers, and what would help you to overcome these challenges?

Row 1

(7.27.1) Allocation challenges

Select from:

Other, please specify :Hotel-level meeting impact data being available, but the roll-up data is not yet available.

(7.27.2) Please explain what would help you overcome these challenges

Marriott's centralized sales systems record overnight rooms for our customers. Therefore, the company focuses on pulling through customer data related to overnight room stays and the associated emissions per hotel. In 2024, Marriott launched Connect Responsibly, designed to embed sustainability efforts into meetings and events. From providing meeting impact reporting and access to carbon offsets to using responsibly sourced ingredients, reducing single-use items, and tackling food waste, Connect Responsibly aligns with the company's broader sustainability strategy. Although hotel-level meeting impact data is generally available, roll-up data is not yet available.

[Add row]

(7.28) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?

(7.28.1) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?

Select from:

Yes

(7.28.2) Describe how you plan to develop your capabilities

Data from Marriott's global reporting tool is provided to the sustainability team. In combination with customer hotel utilization data, the company calculates carbon emissions and water footprints for overnight room stays. Also, in 2024 after a successful pilot, Marriott's Connect Responsibly program launched a Meeting Impact Report to calculate the carbon and water footprints for an individual meeting. Additionally, we generally pull footprint data associated with room stays into our Requests for Proposal (RFP) tool to be able to provide customers with this information as part of the business travel RFP process. The Global Business Travel Association's standardized hotel RFP has sustainability fields including carbon and water footprint per occupied room, energy intensity, waste diversion, and certification questions. The plan is for the response to these questions, as well as others, to be automatically uploaded into the RFPs our customers send us for their annual business travel programs, as well as for meetings, and to be fed into third-party tools and systems our customers may utilize for their RFP processes. The goal is to put this information in the hands of Marriott's customers at various points of communication to provide them the opportunity to use the data for decision-making. This process can help to drive improvement in our own metrics and a goal to move the industry to more efficient hotel operations.

[Fixed row]

(7.29) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy?

Select from:

More than 0% but less than or equal to 5%

(7.30) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	Select from:

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(7.30.1) Report your organization's energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock)

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV (higher heating value)

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

5007.54

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

6189485.23

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

6194492.77

Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

194648.82

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

9986989.21

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

10181638.03

Consumption of purchased or acquired heat

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

0

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

261836.21

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

261836.21

Consumption of purchased or acquired steam

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

0

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

329057.33

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

329057.33

Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

0

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

1120633.16

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

1120633.16

Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

66494.32

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

66494.32

Total energy consumption

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

266150.68

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

17888001.14

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable + non-renewable) MWh

18154151.82
[Fixed row]

(7.30.6) Select the applications of your organization's consumption of fuel.

	Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application
Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

[Fixed row]

(7.30.7) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.

Sustainable biomass

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

0

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

Other biomass

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

0

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

5007.54

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment

biodiesel

Coal

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

5948.33

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

Oil

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

0

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

Gas

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

5029399.31

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

34516.31

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment

gasoline, kerosene, jet fuel, liquefied natural gas

Total fuel

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

5074871.48

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

(7.30.7.5) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

[Fixed row]

(7.30.9) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and cooling your organization has generated and consumed in the reporting year.

Electricity

(7.30.9.1) Total Gross generation (MWh)

66494.32

(7.30.9.2) Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

66494.32

(7.30.9.3) Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)

66494.32

(7.30.9.4) Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

66494.32

Heat

(7.30.9.1) Total Gross generation (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.2) Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.3) Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.4) Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

Steam

(7.30.9.1) Total Gross generation (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.2) Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.3) Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.4) Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

Cooling

(7.30.9.1) Total Gross generation (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.2) Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.3) Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.4) Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

[Fixed row]

(7.30.14) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and/or cooling amounts that were accounted for at a zero or near-zero emission factor in the market-based Scope 2 figure reported in 7.7.

Row 1

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Austria

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

9598.47

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Austria

Row 2

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Belgium

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

6956.11

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Belgium

Row 3

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Germany

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

30914.31

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Germany

Row 4

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Ireland

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

3256.89

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Ireland

Row 5

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Italy

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

51291.49

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Italy

Row 6

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Netherlands

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

3652.45

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Netherlands

Row 7

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Portugal

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

9585.93

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Portugal

Row 8

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Spain

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

73375.27

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Spain

Row 9

(7.30.14.1) Country/area

Select from:

Switzerland

(7.30.14.2) Sourcing method

Select from:

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.30.14.4) Low-carbon technology type

Select from:

Renewable energy mix, please specify :GO

(7.30.14.5) Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

6017.9

(7.30.14.6) Tracking instrument used

Select from:

GO

(7.30.14.7) Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Select from:

Switzerland

[Add row]

(7.30.16) Provide a breakdown by country/area of your electricity/heat/steam/cooling consumption in the reporting year.

Albania

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5349.78

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5349.78

Algeria

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

47896.12

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

33.1

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

47929.22

Argentina

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

36375.45

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

36375.45

Armenia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

8310.96

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

366.16

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

8677.12

Aruba

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

31988.68

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

31988.68

Australia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

113593.15

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

6133.29

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

119726.44

Austria

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

32131.15

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

16096.73

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

48227.88

Azerbaijan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

46962.17

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

46962.17

Bahrain

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

58527.47

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

12651.79

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

71179.26

Bangladesh

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

25638.9

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

25638.90

Barbados

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

8173.09

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

8173.09

Belgium

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

19201.4

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

1771.12

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

20972.52

Bermuda

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

2159.22

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

2159.22

Bhutan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5126.13

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5126.13

Brazil

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

45535.76

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

45535.76

Cambodia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

14195.53

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

354.94

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

14550.47

Canada

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

699346.5

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

123620.41

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

822966.91

Cayman Islands

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

19710.7

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

19710.70

Chile

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

34240.93

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

34240.93

China

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

2981243.18

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

264431.84

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

3245675.02

Colombia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

36101.17

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

36101.17

Costa Rica

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

54891.57

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

54891.57

Cyprus

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

10545.98

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

10545.98

Czechia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

17348.23

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

4186.61

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

21534.84

Dominican Republic

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

103238.12

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

677.96

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

103916.08

El Salvador

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5067.63

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5067.63

Egypt

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

171903.25

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

171903.25

Ethiopia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

7934.12

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

7934.12

Fiji

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

17529.45

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

248.71

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

17778.16

France

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

97812.31

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

54254.77

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

152067.08

French Polynesia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

6329.35

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

294.45

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

6623.80

Georgia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

44812.31

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

185.16

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

44997.47

Germany

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

160713.41

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

119813.36

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

280526.77

Ghana

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5072.21

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5072.21

Greece

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

59976.26

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

350.67

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

60326.93

Guatemala

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

6934.63

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

6934.63

Guyana

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

6505.98

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

6505.98

Haiti

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

1795.07

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1795.07

Honduras

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

1450.4

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1450.4

Hungary

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

17506.75

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

3687.96

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

21194.71

Iceland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

3080.36

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

426.64

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

3507

India

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

712232.14

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

2071.56

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

714303.7

Indonesia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

342572.34

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

202.19

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

342774.53

Ireland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

17570.46

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

610.78

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

18181.24

Israel

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

18520.55

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

402.94

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

18923.49

Italy

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

128783.9

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

18808.77

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

147592.67

Jamaica

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

30623.15

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

30623.15

Japan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

357307.44

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

178390.49

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

535697.93

Jordan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

57498.56

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

16139.06

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

73637.62

Kazakhstan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

32575.93

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

26860.99

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

59436.92

Kenya

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

10324.98

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

10324.98

Kuwait

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

54566.03

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

8498.52

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

63064.55

Lebanon

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

352.09

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

352.09

Malawi

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

1455.99

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1455.99

Malaysia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

304491.3

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

32185.63

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

336676.93

Maldives

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

10168.16

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

10168.16

Malta

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

13978.58

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

172.92

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

14151.5

Mexico

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

407457.96

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

407457.96

Monaco

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

6925.2

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

6925.2

Morocco

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

24167.9

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

191.12

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

24359.02

Nepal

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

9924.63

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

9924.63

Netherlands

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

37601.31

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

6412.01

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

44013.32

New Caledonia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

8295.73

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

171.66

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

8467.39

New Zealand

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5890.17

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5890.17

Nigeria

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

28778.08

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

48.1

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

28826.18

North Macedonia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

3422.21

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

3422.21

Oman

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

55120.48

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

15838.52

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

70959

Panama

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

69522.69

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

3238.84

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

72761.53

Paraguay

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

6156.05

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

6156.05

Peru

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

33694.45

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

33694.45

Philippines

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

79575.05

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

4675.81

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

84250.86

Poland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

37065.44

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

29103.48

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

66168.92

Portugal

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

52120.21

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

669.45

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

52789.66

Puerto Rico

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

97250.2

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

3635.12

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

100885.32

Qatar

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

260341.77

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

166700.73

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

427042.5

Republic of Korea

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

167900.78

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

31143.17

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

199043.95

Romania

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

14012.24

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

78.02

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

14090.26

Rwanda

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

8316.62

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

8316.62

Samoa

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5361.36

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

170.68

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5532.04

Saudi Arabia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

350836.11

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

58477.97

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

409314.08

Senegal

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

102.2

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

1.33

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

103.53

Serbia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

4601.11

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

97.81

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

4698.92

Singapore

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

88493.33

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

11697.33

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

100190.66

South Africa

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

62645.99

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

4235.63

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

66881.62

Spain

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

149721.02

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

9037.25

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

158758.27

Sri Lanka

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

30807.21

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

30807.21

Switzerland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

26128.69

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

13135.36

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

39264.05

Taiwan, China

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

162718.82

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

2209.1

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

164927.92

Thailand

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

359348.37

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

786.75

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

360135.12

Trinidad and Tobago

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5011.44

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

5011.44

Tunisia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

9804.21

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

9804.21

Turkey

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

145946.71

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

2638.61

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

148585.32

Turks and Caicos Islands

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

4662

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

4662

United Arab Emirates

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

704865.75

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

462697.9

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1167563.65

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

195312

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

13158.24

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

208470.24

United States of America

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

9194775.23

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

747832.42

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

9942607.65

United States Virgin Islands

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

18712.88

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

18712.88

Uruguay

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

3162.48

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

3162.48

Viet Nam

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

177535.78

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

727.73

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

178263.51
[Fixed row]

(7.45) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO₂e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Row 1

(7.45.1) Intensity figure

0.0002645

(7.45.2) Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO₂e)

6637786

(7.45.3) Metric denominator

Select from:

unit total revenue

(7.45.4) Metric denominator: Unit total

25100000000

(7.45.5) Scope 2 figure used

Select from:

Market-based

(7.45.6) % change from previous year

1.35

(7.45.7) Direction of change

Select from:

Decreased

(7.45.8) Reasons for change

Select all that apply

Other emissions reduction activities

Change in revenue

(7.45.9) Please explain

Global intensity per unit of total revenue decreased by approximately 1.35% due to an increase in revenue compared to 2023. However, the increase in business activity was also offset by other emissions reduction activities, such as energy efficiency projects.

[Add row]

(7.52) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

Row 1

(7.52.1) Description

Select from:

Energy usage

(7.52.2) Metric value

298.1

(7.52.3) Metric numerator

18,154,152 MWh

(7.52.4) Metric denominator (intensity metric only)

60,899,539.97 square meters

(7.52.5) % change from previous year

1.13

(7.52.6) Direction of change

Select from:

Decreased

(7.52.7) Please explain

Marriott's portfolio experienced a 1.13% year-over-year decrease in energy use intensity (EUI). This improvement is attributable to continued investments in building energy-efficiency, milder weather conditions, and improved operational efficiency. Note this includes managed and franchised properties.

[Add row]

(7.53) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Select all that apply

Absolute target

(7.53.1) Provide details of your absolute emissions targets and progress made against those targets.

Row 1

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Abs 1

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Marriott International - SBT Net-Zero Validation Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

- 1.5°C aligned

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/03/2024

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- Methane (CH₄)
- Nitrous oxide (N₂O)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
- Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
- Sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆)
- Nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃)

(7.53.1.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

- Scope 1
- Scope 2

(7.53.1.9) Scope 2 accounting method

Select from:

Market-based

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

12/31/2019

(7.53.1.12) Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1313062

(7.53.1.13) Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5336064

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

0.000

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

6649126.000

(7.53.1.33) Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1

100

(7.53.1.34) Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

100

(7.53.1.53) Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

100

(7.53.1.54) End date of target

12/31/2029

(7.53.1.55) Targeted reduction from base year (%)

46.2

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions at end date of target covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

3577229.788

(7.53.1.57) Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1273630

(7.53.1.58) Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5364156

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

6637786.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions covered by target

Select from:

Yes, it covers land-related emissions/removals associated with bioenergy and non-land related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT with bioenergy)

(7.53.1.79) % of target achieved relative to base year

0.37

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

100% coverage; no known exclusions

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Reduce absolute emissions: S1+S2 by 46.2% by 2030 (2019 base)

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Post the approval of our targets by SBTi, the company expanded on its efforts to reduce emissions across its portfolio. Emissions within Marriott's near-term target have decreased by 1.4%.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

No

Row 2

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Abs 2

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Marriott International - SBT Net-Zero Validation Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

1.5°C aligned

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/03/2024

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

Suppliers

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

12/31/2019

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

0.000

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

0.000

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

0.000

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Marriott International commits that 22% of its suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services, capital goods, and upstream transportation and distribution will have science-based targets by 2028.

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Marriott International commits that 22% of its suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services, capital goods, and upstream transportation and distribution will have science-based targets by 2028.

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Marriott intends to engage its supply chain and educate suppliers of importance to align with an SBT. Marriott plans to support the implementation of supplier SBTs by prioritizing suppliers with SBTs. % of emissions by suppliers with science-based targets = 11% of total baseline supplier emissions.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

No

Row 3

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Abs 3

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Marriott International - SBT Net-Zero Validation Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

- 1.5°C aligned

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/03/2024

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- Methane (CH4)
- Nitrous oxide (N2O)
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
- Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
- Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)
- Nitrogen trifluoride (NF3)

(7.53.1.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

- Scope 3

(7.53.1.10) Scope 3 categories

Select all that apply

- Scope 3, Category 3 – Fuel- and energy- related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)
- Scope 3, Category 5 – Waste generated in operations
- Scope 3, Category 7 – Employee commuting
- Scope 3, Category 14 – Franchises

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

12/31/2019

(7.53.1.16) Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1643340

(7.53.1.18) Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

216784

(7.53.1.20) Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

661933

(7.53.1.27) Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5324362

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

7846419.000

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

7846419.000

(7.53.1.37) Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.39) Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.41) Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.48) Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.52) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories)

58.29

(7.53.1.53) Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

100

(7.53.1.54) End date of target

12/31/2049

(7.53.1.55) Targeted reduction from base year (%)

27.5

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions at end date of target covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

5688653.775

(7.53.1.61) Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1335320

(7.53.1.63) Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

185926

(7.53.1.65) Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

621863

(7.53.1.72) Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5511854

(7.53.1.76) Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

7654963.000

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

7654963.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions covered by target

Select from:

Yes, it covers land-related emissions/removals associated with bioenergy and non-land related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT with bioenergy)

(7.53.1.79) % of target achieved relative to base year

8.87

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

100% coverage; no known exclusions

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Reduce absolute emissions: S3 (Cats 3/5/7/14) by 27.5% by 2030 (2019 base).

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Post the approval of our targets by SBTi, the company expanded on its efforts to reduce emissions across its portfolio. Emissions within Marriott's near-term target have decreased by 1.4%, and emissions within the boundary of Marriott's long-term target have decreased by 6%, both as compared to our 2019 baseline.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

No

[Add row]

(7.54) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Select all that apply

Targets to increase or maintain low-carbon energy consumption or production

Net-zero targets

(7.54.1) Provide details of your targets to increase or maintain low-carbon energy consumption or production.

Row 1

(7.54.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Low 1

(7.54.1.2) Date target was set

10/06/2017

(7.54.1.3) Target coverage

Select from:

Organization-wide

(7.54.1.4) Target type: energy carrier

Select from:

Electricity

(7.54.1.5) Target type: activity

Select from:

Consumption

(7.54.1.6) Target type: energy source

Select from:

Renewable energy source(s) only

(7.54.1.7) End date of base year

12/31/2016

(7.54.1.8) Consumption or production of selected energy carrier in base year (MWh)

0

(7.54.1.9) % share of low-carbon or renewable energy in base year

0

(7.54.1.10) End date of target

12/31/2025

(7.54.1.11) % share of low-carbon or renewable energy at end date of target

30

(7.54.1.12) % share of low-carbon or renewable energy in reporting year

3.4

(7.54.1.13) % of target achieved relative to base year

11.33

(7.54.1.14) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.54.1.16) Is this target part of an emissions target?

Marriott's renewable electricity target supports the company's SBTi targets.

(7.54.1.17) Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

Select all that apply

Science Based Targets initiative

(7.54.1.18) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

2025GlobalProgress.pdf

(7.54.1.19) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

As part of our 2025 sustainability and social impact goals, Marriott aims to achieve a minimum of 30% of electricity from renewable energy throughout all operations. Please refer to Marriott's 2025 Serve 360 Report for information on the boundary of this target (<https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/07/2025GlobalProgress.pdf>).

(7.54.1.20) Target objective

Marriott's renewable electricity target supports the company's SBTi targets.

(7.54.1.21) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

As Marriott works to integrate and accelerate the adoption of renewable energy across our portfolio, we have cataloged and validated properties with renewable energy usage, which also supports progress against our Serve 360 Goal. In 2024, 3.4% of Marriott's electricity use came from renewable sources. Additionally, we conducted an analysis to identify properties that would be primary candidates for on-site solar projects. Leaders within these regions are encouraged to engage with these properties, share the results of the assessment, and provide budget and implementation guidance.

[Add row]

(7.54.3) Provide details of your net-zero target(s).

Row 1

(7.54.3.1) Target reference number

Select from:

NZ1

(7.54.3.2) Date target was set

09/13/2023

(7.54.3.3) Target Coverage

Select from:

- Organization-wide

(7.54.3.4) Targets linked to this net zero target

Select all that apply

- Not applicable

(7.54.3.5) End date of target for achieving net zero

12/31/2050

(7.54.3.6) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

- Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.54.3.7) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Marriott International - SBT Net-Zero Validation Letter.pdf

(7.54.3.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

- Scope 1
- Scope 2
- Scope 3

(7.54.3.9) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Methane (CH4)

Nitrous oxide (N2O)

(7.54.3.10) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Marriott aims to reach net-zero greenhouse gas emissions across the value chain by 2050, reducing absolute scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 90% by 2050 from a 2019 base year and reducing absolute scope 3 GHG emissions 90% by 2050 from a 2019 base year. The target boundary includes land-related emissions and removals from bioenergy feedstocks.

(7.54.3.11) Target objective

Through the company's net-zero greenhouse gas emissions target, Marriott continues to support our focus on creating a positive and sustainable impact wherever we do business. Through setting this target, Marriott aims to focus the company's efforts in three distinct areas: energy reduction, sourcing more energy from renewables, and purchasing goods with lower carbon footprints across its portfolio.

(7.54.3.12) Do you intend to neutralize any residual emissions with permanent carbon removals at the end of the target?

Select from:

Unsure

(7.54.3.13) Do you plan to mitigate emissions beyond your value chain?

Select from:

No, we do not plan to mitigate emissions beyond our value chain

(7.54.3.17) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

[Add row]

(7.55) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.

Select from:

Yes

(7.73) Are you providing product level data for your organization's goods or services?

Select from:

No, I am not providing data

(7.74) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?

Select from:

No

(7.76) Does your organization manage net zero carbon buildings?

Select from:

No, but we plan to in the future

(7.78) Explain your organization's plan to manage, develop or construct net zero carbon buildings, or explain why you do not plan to do so.

We currently do not invest in low-carbon research and development for real estate and construction activities because we have an asset-light business, and the majority of construction activities are undertaken by property owners directly.

(7.79) Has your organization retired any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year?

Select from:

No

C8. Environmental performance - Forests

(8.1) Are there any exclusions from your disclosure of forests-related data?

	Exclusion from disclosure
Timber products	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(8.1.1) Provide details on these exclusions.

Timber products

(8.1.1.1) Exclusion

Select from:

Facilities

(8.1.1.2) Description of exclusion

Above-property facilities, such as corporate apartments and offices.

(8.1.1.3) Value chain stage

Select from:

Direct operations

(8.1.1.4) Reason for exclusion

Select from:

- Other, please specify :The operations in these facilities are not included in the value chain stage of retailing.

(8.1.1.8) Indicate if you are providing the commodity volume that is being excluded from your disclosure of forests-related data

Select from:

- No, the volume excluded is unknown

(8.1.1.10) Please explain

The operations in these facilities are not included in the value chain stage of retailing.

Timber products

(8.1.1.1) Exclusion

Select from:

- Facilities

(8.1.1.2) Description of exclusion

Select above-property facilities, such as corporate offices, have outsourced operations and supply chains.

(8.1.1.3) Value chain stage

Select from:

- Upstream value chain

(8.1.1.4) Reason for exclusion

Select from:

- Other, please specify :The operations in these facilities are not included in the value chain stage of retailing.

(8.1.1.8) Indicate if you are providing the commodity volume that is being excluded from your disclosure of forests-related data

Select from:

- No, the volume excluded is unknown

(8.1.1.10) Please explain

The operations in these facilities are not included in the value chain stage of retailing.

[Add row]

(8.7) Did your organization have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target, or any other targets for sustainable production/ sourcing of your disclosed commodities, active in the reporting year?

Timber products

(8.7.1) Active no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

- No, and we do not plan to have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the next two years

(8.7.3) Primary reason for not having an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Select from:

- Other, please specify :Marriott does not use timber commodities directly, (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp)

(8.7.4) Explain why you did not have an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Marriott does not use timber commodities directly (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp). Marriott is aware of the EU Deforestation Regulation and continues to monitor potential implications, to the extent applicable. Marriott expects suppliers to conform to environmental regulations and demonstrate continuous improvement in reducing the environmental impact of operations, products and services across all lifecycle stages. Marriott expects suppliers to mitigate negative impacts, such as deforestation and pollution, affecting biodiversity and ecosystems. For additional information, please refer to the Marriott International Responsible Sourcing Guide: https://serve360.marriott.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Marriott-Responsible_Sourcing_Guide_August-2021.pdf. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during

the reporting period, are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances.

(8.7.5) Other active targets related to this commodity, including any which contribute to your no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

Yes, we have other targets related to this commodity

[Fixed row]

(8.7.2) Provide details of other targets related to your commodities, including any which contribute to your no-deforestation or no-conversion target, and progress made against them.

Timber products

(8.7.2.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Target 1

(8.7.2.3) Target coverage

Select from:

Organization-wide (direct operations only)

(8.7.2.4) Commodity volume covered by target (metric tons)

Select from:

Disclosure volume

(8.7.2.5) Category of target & Quantitative metric

Third-party certification

% of volume third-party certified

(8.7.2.7) Third-party certification scheme

Forest management unit/Producer certification

FSC Controlled Wood certification

(8.7.2.8) Date target was set

10/06/2017

(8.7.2.9) End date of base year

12/31/2016

(8.7.2.10) Base year figure

0

(8.7.2.11) End date of target

12/31/2025

(8.7.2.12) Target year figure

95

(8.7.2.13) Reporting year figure

0

(8.7.2.14) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(8.7.2.15) % of target achieved relative to base year

0.00

(8.7.2.16) Global environmental treaties/ initiatives/ frameworks aligned with or supported by this target

Select all that apply

Sustainable Development Goals

(8.7.2.17) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Marriott aims to responsibly source 95%, by spend, of the company's paper products by 2025. Marriott has established a brand standard for our managed and franchised properties to use FSC-certified Kimberly-Clark products for guest bathroom and public bathroom paper products (or equal quality or exceeding Kimberly-Clark with accepted sustainability certification for guest and public bathroom products) and FSC-certified, Green Seal certified or 100% recycled fiber products for all other paper products. The percentage of FSC-certified paper products is based on available owned, leased, managed, and franchised data from Avendra. FSC products are inclusive of personal paper products, office paper, and napkins.

(8.7.2.18) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

As of year-end 2024, 41.19% of paper products were FSC-certified. FSC products are inclusive of personal paper products, office paper, and napkins. This progress is based on available data, and data represent managed and franchised properties unless otherwise stated. To continue making progress against this target, Marriott's continent procurement teams will continue to engage with existing and potential new suppliers to increase the availability of responsibly sourced products.

(8.7.2.20) Further details of target

Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. These requirements will further support Marriott's responsible sourcing target. Active, centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines, while new contracts are subject to compliance with the Guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

[Add row]

(8.9) Provide details of your organization's assessment of the deforestation-free (DF) or deforestation- and conversion-free (DCF) status of its disclosed commodities.

Timber products

(8.9.1) DF/DCF status assessed for this commodity

Select from:

- No, and we do not plan to do so within the next two years

(8.9.7) Primary reason for not assessing DF/DCF status

Select from:

- Other, please specify :Location of commodity in value chain.

(8.9.8) Explain why you have not assessed DF/DCF status

Marriott does not use timber commodities directly (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp). However, we have established brand standards that paper products used in our hotels may not contain virgin pulp or fiber in the formulation or composition unless the pulp/fiber is certified by FSC or equivalent certification. Marriott is also aware of the EU Deforestation Regulation and continues to monitor potential implications, to the extent applicable. Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines, while new contracts are subject to compliance with the guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

[Fixed row]

(8.10) Indicate whether you have monitored or estimated the deforestation and conversion of other natural ecosystems footprint for your disclosed commodities.

Timber products

(8.10.1) Monitoring or estimating your deforestation and conversion footprint

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to monitor or estimate our deforestation and conversion footprint in the next two years

(8.10.2) Primary reason for not monitoring or estimating deforestation and conversion footprint

Select from:

Other, please specify :Location of commodity in value chain.

(8.10.3) Explain why you do not monitor or estimate your deforestation and conversion footprint

Marriott does not use timber commodities directly (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp). Marriott is also aware of the EU Deforestation Regulation and continues to monitor potential implications, to the extent applicable. However, we have established brand standards that paper products used in our hotels may not contain virgin pulp or fiber in the formulation or composition unless the pulp/fiber is certified by FSC or equivalent certification. Suppliers with contracts awarded through Avendra, which was our procurement provider for North America, Central America and the Caribbean during the reporting period, are expected to adhere to the Avendra Supplier Code of Conduct and have a formal sustainability policy in place. Additionally, most suppliers with new contracts are expected to complete the EcoVadis assessment. Of these suppliers, those that provide commodities linked to deforestation (e.g., palm, soy, beef, timber) are also required to provide information on policies and processes related to deforestation and asked to tag their products with attributes/certifications that relate to no-deforestation assurances. Active centrally managed Marriott procurement contracts are subject to Marriott's Supplier Conduct Guidelines, while new contracts are subject to compliance with the guidelines and completion of the EcoVadis assessment.

[Fixed row]

(8.11) For volumes not assessed and determined as deforestation- and conversion-free (DCF), indicate if you have taken actions in the reporting year to increase production or sourcing of DCF volumes.

	Actions taken to increase production or sourcing of DCF volumes
Timber products	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, but we plan to within the next two years

[Fixed row]

(8.12) Indicate if certification details are available for the commodity volumes sold to requesting CDP Supply Chain members.

	Third-party certification scheme adopted	Certification details are available for the volumes sold to any requesting CDP Supply Chain members
Timber products	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> We do not supply requesting members with goods and services containing this commodity

[Fixed row]

(8.13) Does your organization calculate the GHG emission reductions and/or removals from land use management and land use change that have occurred in your direct operations and/or upstream value chain?

Timber products

(8.13.1) GHG emissions reductions and removals from land use management and land use change calculated

Select from:

No, and do not plan to do so in the next two years

(8.13.2) Primary reason your organization does not calculate GHG emissions reductions and removals from land use management and land use change

Select from:

Other, please specify :Not part of our current strategy

(8.13.3) Explain why your organization does not calculate GHG emissions reductions and removals from land use management and land use change

Please note, GHG Protocol is developing new Land Sector and Removals Guidance. The Land Sector and Removals Standard and accompanying Guidance will be published in Q4 2025.

[Fixed row]

(8.14) Indicate if you assess your own compliance and/or the compliance of your suppliers with forest regulations and/or mandatory standards, and provide details.

	Please explain
	<i>The timber products that Kimberly-Clark sources from Colombia are FSC-certified, which helps support general legal compliance.</i>

[Fixed row]

(8.15) Do you engage in landscape (including jurisdictional) initiatives to progress shared sustainable land use goals?

(8.15.1) Engagement in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

Select from:

No, we do not engage in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(8.15.2) Primary reason for not engaging in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

Select from:

Other, please specify :Not applicable

(8.15.3) Explain why your organization does not engage in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

Marriott does not use timber commodities directly (defined as raw or processed wood, including logs, lumber, pulp), and therefore does not assess deforestation risks in this context. Marriott is also aware of the EU Deforestation Regulation and continues to monitor potential implications, to the extent applicable.

[Fixed row]

(8.16) Do you participate in any other external activities to support the implementation of policies and commitments related to deforestation, ecosystem conversion, or human rights issues in commodity value chains?

Select from:

Yes

(8.16.1) Provide details of the external activities to support the implementation of your policies and commitments related to deforestation, ecosystem conversion, or human rights issues in commodity value chains

Row 1

(8.16.1.1) Commodity

Select all that apply

Timber products

(8.16.1.2) Activities

Select all that apply

Involved in industry platforms

(8.16.1.3) Country/area

Select from:

United States of America

(8.16.1.4) Subnational area

Select from:

Not applicable

(8.16.1.5) Provide further details of the activity

Over the past four years, Marriott, along with other hospitality companies and group purchasing organizations, created the Hospitality Alliance for Responsible Procurement (HARP). As this initiative continues to mature, HARP is expected to scale its industry efforts with the intent to further provide alliance members with the tools to improve sustainability performance across hospitality suppliers and provide them greater access to supply chain data. HARP aims to also provide carbon reduction education resources to hospitality suppliers — ultimately supporting Marriott’s Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)-verified targets. In 2013, Marriott International joined the Hospitality Sustainable Purchasing Consortium, led by MindClick, to create an annual assessment of furniture, fixtures, and equipment (FF&E) suppliers and their products, now known as MSAP. On an annual basis, Marriott’s FF&E suppliers complete survey-based product evaluations with MindClick—a global leader in environmental and social impact ratings of manufacturers and their products. Various aspects of a product’s life cycle are evaluated based on globally accepted standards for environmental and social responsibility.

Row 2

(8.16.1.1) Commodity

Select all that apply

- Timber products

(8.16.1.2) Activities

Select all that apply

- Engaging with non-governmental organizations

(8.16.1.3) Country/area

Select from:

- United States of America

(8.16.1.4) Subnational area

Select from:

- Not applicable

(8.16.1.5) Provide further details of the activity

Over the past four years, Marriott, along with other hospitality companies and group purchasing organizations, created the Hospitality Alliance for Responsible Procurement (HARP). As this initiative continues to mature, HARP is expected to scale its industry efforts with the intent to further provide alliance members with the

tools to improve sustainability performance across hospitality suppliers and provide them greater access to supply chain data. HARP aims to also provide carbon reduction education resources to hospitality suppliers — ultimately supporting Marriott's Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)-verified targets.
[Add row]

(8.17) Is your organization supporting or implementing project(s) focused on ecosystem restoration and long-term protection?

Select from:

Yes

(8.17.1) Provide details on your project(s), including the extent, duration, and monitoring frequency. Please specify any measured outcome(s).

Row 1

(8.17.1.1) Project reference

Select from:

Project 1

(8.17.1.2) Project type

Select from:

Reforestation

(8.17.1.3) Expected benefits of project

Select all that apply

- Improvement of water availability and quality
- Increase in carbon sequestration
- Reduce/halt biodiversity loss
- Reduction of air pollution
- Restoration of natural ecosystem(s)

(8.17.1.4) Is this project originating any carbon credits?

Select from:

No

(8.17.1.5) Description of project

We believe that investing in projects that support biodiversity is an important component of making our communities and environments better places to live, work, and visit. In 2024, Marriott International supported the Chesapeake Bay Foundation's (CBF) efforts to plant trees across the state of Maryland (U.S.), striving to help purify both the water and the air. CBF's 2024 engagement activities included: 10,800+ trees were potted and maintained in nurseries for future ~5,000 trees were planted in Maryland.

(8.17.1.6) Where is the project taking place in relation to your value chain?

Select all that apply

Project based elsewhere

(8.17.1.7) Start year

2024

(8.17.1.8) Target year

Select from:

2024

(8.17.1.11) Country/Area

Select from:

United States of America

(8.17.1.14) Monitoring frequency

Select from:

Annually

(8.17.1.16) For which of your expected benefits are you monitoring progress?

Select all that apply

- Restoration of natural ecosystem(s)

(8.17.1.17) Please explain

The project aims to purify both the water and the air and provide habitats for species, while also reducing biodiversity loss. CBF's 's 2024 engagement activities included: 10,800+ trees were potted and maintained in nurseries for future ~5,000 trees were planted in Maryland.

Row 2

(8.17.1.1) Project reference

Select from:

- Project 2

(8.17.1.2) Project type

Select from:

- Reforestation

(8.17.1.3) Expected benefits of project

Select all that apply

- Improvement of water availability and quality
- Increase in carbon sequestration
- Reduce/halt biodiversity loss
- Reduction of air pollution
- Restoration of natural ecosystem(s)

(8.17.1.4) Is this project originating any carbon credits?

Select from:

No

(8.17.1.5) Description of project

At a corporate level, Marriott continued to engage with biodiversity-focused organizations, working to protect, restore, and enhance natural resources around the world. In collaboration with the Arbor Day Foundation, we contributed to the organization's 2024 U.S. reforestation efforts, including the planting of more than 25,000 trees in critical ecosystems across Florida, Michigan, and Oregon.

(8.17.1.6) Where is the project taking place in relation to your value chain?

Select all that apply

Project based elsewhere

(8.17.1.7) Start year

2024

(8.17.1.8) Target year

Select from:

2024

(8.17.1.11) Country/Area

Select from:

United States of America

(8.17.1.14) Monitoring frequency

Select from:

Annually

(8.17.1.16) For which of your expected benefits are you monitoring progress?

Select all that apply

- Improvement of water availability and quality
- Increase in carbon sequestration
- Reduce/halt biodiversity loss
- Reduction of air pollution
- Restoration of natural ecosystem(s)

(8.17.1.17) Please explain

The project aims to address reduction of biodiversity loss and deforestation throughout various regions in the United States.
[Add row]

C9. Environmental performance - Water security

(9.1) Are there any exclusions from your disclosure of water-related data?

Select from:

Yes

(9.1.1) Provide details on these exclusions.

Row 1

(9.1.1.1) Exclusion

Select from:

Business activities

(9.1.1.2) Description of exclusion

Exclusions include water consumption at Marriott Headquarters, other leased office space, stand-alone golf courses, and other non-hotel operations.

(9.1.1.3) Reason for exclusion

Select from:

Data is not available

(9.1.1.4) Primary reason why data is not available

Select from:

Challenges associated with data collection and/or quality

(9.1.1.7) Percentage of water volume the exclusion represents

Select from:

Less than 1%

(9.1.1.8) Please explain

Marriott Headquarters, leased office spaces, stand-alone golf courses and other non-hotel operations consume a small fraction of total water withdrawals, as there are significantly fewer of these spaces than there are properties in the managed and franchise portfolio. Minimal utility data from these facilities is currently available.
[Add row]

(9.2) Across all your operations, what proportion of the following water aspects are regularly measured and monitored?

Water withdrawals – total volumes

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

76-99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is for water withdrawals in Marriott's noted operational boundary to be measured monthly and for total volumes boundary to be measured and monitored through utility billing and estimations.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Marriott's process is for water withdrawals (based on the noted operational boundary) to be monitored through utility billing and estimations. Utility bills are submitted by properties through the Marriott Environmental Sustainability Hub (MESH) – Marriott's internal environmental reporting platform. Within the MESH platform, withdrawal volumes consist of the water consumption amounts listed on municipal water invoices. Volumes are read and measured monthly for our portfolio of managed, owned and leased hotels; where actual data for such hotels is not available, we apply an extrapolation methodology to account for water withdrawals.

Water withdrawals – volumes by source

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

76-99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is for water withdrawals to be tracked monthly in our portfolio through utility billing through submittals in MESH.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Marriott's process is for water withdrawals in our portfolio to be tracked through utility billing through submittals in MESH. This includes municipal water, irrigation, groundwater, and surface water. Volumes are read and measured monthly for our entire portfolio of hotels.

Water withdrawals quality

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is for the quality of water withdrawals to be monitored monthly through Marriott's global water safety program daily. This program is linked to our Transcendent asset management platform, which helps to provide visibility into property compliance with, and performance against, water quality standards.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Marriott's process is for the quality of water withdrawals to be monitored through Marriott's global water safety program, developed in collaboration with NALCO, which was initiated to improve water quality and water safety at our hotels. This program is linked to our Transcendent asset management platform, which helps to provide visibility into property compliance and performance against water quality standards. Marriott's process is also to communicate with water utility providers regarding water quality and local regulations.

Water discharges – total volumes

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

76-99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is to track wastewater discharges in our portfolio through utility billing through submittals in MESH.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Marriott's process is to track wastewater discharges in our managed, owned, and leased portfolio through utility billing, generally as a percentage of water purchased. Using water consumption, water discharges are estimated at 65% of water withdrawals. Marriott's process is to track water withdrawals in our portfolio through utility billing through submittals in MESH. Marriott's process is to also monitor property performance data related to water consumption on a monthly basis. This data is typically reported externally as part of our Serve 360 Report.

Water discharges – volumes by destination

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is to track water discharges – volumes by destination monthly in our portfolio through utility billing which is required to be submitted in MESH.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Marriott's process is to track wastewater discharges in our managed, owned, and leased portfolio through utility billing, but this is more typically a charge as a percentage of water purchased. Using estimates of water consumption for the CDP, water discharges are estimated at 65% of water withdrawals. Marriott's process is to track water withdrawals in our portfolio through utility billing through submittals in MESH. Marriott's process is also to monitor property performance data related to water consumption on a monthly basis.

Water discharges – volumes by treatment method

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.4) Please explain

Water discharges – volumes by treatment method are not relevant for the company, because water discharges are made to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities that are responsible for following relevant guidelines for treatment. Marriott does not expect this aspect to be relevant in the future, because hotels will continue to discharge water to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities.

Water discharge quality – by standard effluent parameters

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.4) Please explain

Water discharges – by standard effluent parameters are not relevant for the company, because water discharges are made to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities who are responsible for following relevant guidelines for treatment. Marriott does not expect this aspect to be relevant in the future, because hotels will continue to discharge water to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities.

Water discharge quality – emissions to water (nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and/or other priority substances)

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.4) Please explain

Water discharge quality – emissions to water are not relevant for the company, because water discharges are made to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities who are responsible for following relevant guidelines for treatment. Marriott does not expect this aspect to be relevant in the future because hotels will continue to discharge water to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities.

Water discharge quality – temperature

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.4) Please explain

Water discharges quality – temperature is not relevant to the company, because water discharges from hotels are similar to domestic wastewater; and are made to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities. Hotels in locations using district steam may track and adjust temperature of discharges per local regulation, but this is not a significant water aspect for global operations. Marriott does not expect this aspect to be relevant in the future because hotels will continue to discharge water to third-party municipal water and sewage treatment facilities.

Water consumption – total volume

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

76-99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Marriott's process is to track water consumption - total volume for the company's portfolio of properties through utility billing from submittals in MESH. Using guidance from EPA's WaterSense program regarding typical water usage categories, we estimate water consumption for the purpose of CDP reporting at 35% of water withdrawal.

(9.2.4) Please explain

Using guidance from EPA's WaterSense program regarding typical water usage categories, we estimate water consumption for the purpose of CDP reporting at 35% of water withdrawal. Water withdrawals are captured in MESH and performance is tracked quarterly. Marriott's process is not to separately meter wastewater, as it is billed as a utility service relative to water charges. Marriott is conducting internal studies and sub-metering projects with the goal of further refining the understanding of consumptive uses of water in hotels, including irrigation and cooling towers.

[Fixed row]

(9.2.2) What are the total volumes of water withdrawn, discharged, and consumed across all your operations, how do they compare to the previous reporting year, and how are they forecasted to change?

Total withdrawals

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

144100

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

- Higher

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

- Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

In 2024, water withdrawals increased by approximately 7,400 megaliters compared to 2023 (136,700 ML). This increase was driven mainly by increased business activity, including a higher occupancy rate in 2024 compared to 2023. We anticipate withdrawals to continue to increase as occupancy rises and the company's portfolio of properties continues to expand. Marriott's portfolio is expected to continue to expand through acquisitions and new construction properties, which is anticipated to impact total water withdrawals.

Total discharges

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

93665

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- Higher

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

Marriott tracks wastewater discharges in our managed portfolio through utility billing; however, this metric is not currently captured in volume. Using estimates of water consumption for CDP-reporting purposes, water discharges are estimated at 65% of water withdrawals. Since overall water withdrawals increased in 2024 compared to 2023, estimated discharges also increased. We anticipate water discharges to continue to increase as occupancy rises, and Marriott's portfolio is expected to continue to expand through acquisitions and new properties.

Total consumption

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

50435

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

Using guidance from EPA's Water Sense program regarding typical water usage categories, we estimate water consumption for the purpose of CDP reporting at 35% of water withdrawals. Since overall water withdrawals increased in 2024 compared to 2023, estimated consumption also increased. We anticipate consumption to continue to increase as occupancy rises, and Marriott's portfolio is expected to continue to expand through acquisitions and new properties.

[Fixed row]

(9.2.4) Indicate whether water is withdrawn from areas with water stress, provide the volume, how it compares with the previous reporting year, and how it is forecasted to change.

(9.2.4.1) Withdrawals are from areas with water stress

Select from:

Yes

(9.2.4.2) Volume withdrawn from areas with water stress (megaliters)

67933.08

(9.2.4.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.4.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.4.5) Five-year forecast

Select from:

- About the same

(9.2.4.6) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

- Other, please specify :Minimal change in the number of properties located in high water stress areas.

(9.2.4.7) % of total withdrawals that are withdrawn from areas with water stress

47.14

(9.2.4.8) Identification tool

Select all that apply

- WRI Aqueduct

(9.2.4.9) Please explain

The WRI Aqueduct Water Risk Atlas tool is used to determine the percentage of water withdrawals from owned, managed, and leased properties in areas with high water stress. The process included uploading a list of properties open in 2024 as relevant sites into WRI Aqueduct and evaluating the list of sites to identify those properties located in areas of 'High', 'Extremely High', or 'Arid' baseline water stress. Approximately 47% of our water withdrawals from owned, managed, and leased properties are located in areas of 'High', 'Extremely High', or 'Arid' baseline water stress, as defined by the WRI Aqueduct tool. The increase in water volume withdrawn from areas with water stress increased compared to 2023 due to the increase in business activity. In areas with high water stress, we plan to continue to evaluate opportunities for properties to decrease water withdrawals. Therefore, even with continued business growth, we do not expect water withdrawals to increase significantly.

[Fixed row]

(9.2.7) Provide total water withdrawal data by source.

Fresh surface water, including rainwater, water from wetlands, rivers, and lakes

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

Relevant

(9.2.7.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

150.53

(9.2.7.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

About the same

(9.2.7.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Other, please specify :In 2023 fresh surface water accounted for 138 megaliters of water withdrawals. Marriott is selecting about the same due to the limited volume of withdrawal associated with this source.

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Water withdrawals from fresh surface water volume is relevant, because some Marriott properties utilize fresh surface water for irrigation purposes. Water withdrawals from fresh surface water and rainwater in 2024 were 150.53 megaliters compared to 138.34 megaliters in 2023.

Brackish surface water/Seawater

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

Relevant but volume unknown

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Water withdrawals from seawater volume is relevant, because some Marriott properties do desalinate water onsite. We do not currently monitor the water that is desalinated onsite, so therefore are not able to report on this data.

Groundwater – renewable

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Marriott's internal property sustainability survey does not distinguish between renewable and non-renewable groundwater sources. All groundwater is reported as "Groundwater – non-renewable".

Groundwater – non-renewable

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

Relevant

(9.2.7.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

3973.82

(9.2.7.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Lower

(9.2.7.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Water withdrawal from groundwater is relevant, because some Marriott operations utilize groundwater for irrigation purposes and/or as non-potable water in locations that lack access to municipal water sources. Marriott's sustainability survey does not distinguish between renewable and nonrenewable groundwater sources. All groundwater is reported as "Groundwater – non-renewable". Water withdrawals from groundwater – non-renewable decreased from 4,817.56 megaliters in 2023 to 3,973.82 megaliters in 2024.

Produced/Entrained water

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

- Not relevant

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Produced/entrained water is not applicable, as Marriott managed, owned, and leased properties do not withdraw produced or entrained water.

Third party sources

(9.2.7.1) Relevance

Select from:

- Relevant

(9.2.7.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

139978.16

(9.2.7.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- About the same

(9.2.7.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

- Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.7.5) Please explain

Water withdrawal from third party sources is relevant, because the majority of Marriott's operations utilize water from municipal water sources.
[Fixed row]

(9.2.8) Provide total water discharge data by destination.

Fresh surface water

(9.2.8.1) Relevance

Select from:

- Not relevant

(9.2.8.5) Please explain

Fresh surface water is not applicable, as Marriott managed, owned, and leased hotels are not known to discharge water to fresh surface water destinations.

Brackish surface water/seawater

(9.2.8.1) Relevance

Select from:

- Not relevant

(9.2.8.5) Please explain

Brackish surface water/seawater is not applicable, as Marriott managed, owned, and leased hotels are not known to discharge water to brackish surface water/seawater destinations.

Groundwater

(9.2.8.1) Relevance

Select from:

Not relevant

(9.2.8.5) Please explain

Groundwater is not applicable, as Marriott managed, owned, and leased hotels are not known to discharge water to groundwater destinations.

Third-party destinations

(9.2.8.1) Relevance

Select from:

Relevant

(9.2.8.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

93665

(9.2.8.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Higher

(9.2.8.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

Increase/decrease in business activity

(9.2.8.5) Please explain

Discharges to third-party destinations are relevant, because it is currently the only destination to which hotels discharge water. Marriott's process is to track wastewater discharges in the company's managed portfolio through utility billing, but this is not a metric that is captured by volume. Using estimates of water consumption for CDP, water discharges are estimated at 65% of water withdrawals. Water discharges increased in 2024 by approximately 5.4% compared to 2023. This reflects the approximate percentage increase as total 2024 water withdrawals compared to the previous year.
[Fixed row]

(9.3) In your direct operations and upstream value chain, what is the number of facilities where you have identified substantive water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

Direct operations

(9.3.1) Identification of facilities in the value chain stage

Select from:

No, we have assessed this value chain stage but did not identify any facilities with water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(9.3.4) Please explain

The scale and geographic diversification of the business make it unlikely that localized water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities could generate a substantive change in our overall business. In 2024, Marriott conducted an assessment using the WRI Aqueduct tool to evaluate owned, managed, and leased properties vulnerable to baseline water stress, and coastal and riverine flooding. This process included uploading active properties and exporting and filtering results based on a set of criteria (e.g., number of rooms, % revenue, validated data) to identify those properties located in areas of 'High', 'Extremely High', or 'Arid' baseline water stress. Marriott determined that a small portion of properties appear to be located in areas of 'High' or 'Extremely High' baseline water stress area and have at least high flooding risks, as defined by WRI. The company also aims to manage water-related risks beyond Marriott's physical hotels. For example, to support the management of flood-related risks, we have enterprise-wide business continuity plans, task forces, an executive-led Crisis Relief Committee, the Marriott Disaster Relief Fund and TakeCare Relief Fund, and long-standing relationships with non-profit organizations that offer assistance to communities in times of disaster. Marriott Infrastructure Resilience & Adaptation (MIRA) also evaluates climate-related risks to physical assets globally and creates resiliency strategies, programs, and training to help mitigate losses associated with climate-related events such as coastal flooding, tropical cyclones, wildfires, inland flooding, heat stress, cold stress, and drought.

Upstream value chain

(9.3.1) Identification of facilities in the value chain stage

Select from:

No, we have not assessed this value chain stage for facilities with water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities, but we are planning to do so in the next 2 years

[Fixed row]

(9.4) Could any of your facilities reported in 9.3.1 have an impact on a requesting CDP supply chain member?

Select from:

No facilities were reported in 9.3.1

(9.5) Provide a figure for your organization's total water withdrawal efficiency.

	Revenue (currency)	Total water withdrawal efficiency	Anticipated forward trend
	25100000000	174184.59	As Marriott hotels increase water efficiency, the company expects water intensity metrics to decrease.

[Fixed row]

(9.12) Provide any available water intensity values for your organization's products or services.

Row 1

(9.12.1) Product name

Global Water Intensity

(9.12.2) Water intensity value

0.737

(9.12.3) Numerator: Water aspect

Select from:

Water withdrawn

(9.12.4) Denominator

Occupied room night

(9.12.5) Comment

This intensity metric represents cubic meters of water withdrawn per occupied room night for managed and franchised properties, globally.

[Add row]

(9.13) Do any of your products contain substances classified as hazardous by a regulatory authority?

	Products contain hazardous substances	Comment
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<i>This is not applicable to Marriott's operations, as our "products" are hotel rooms.</i>

[Fixed row]

(9.14) Do you classify any of your current products and/or services as low water impact?

(9.14.1) Products and/or services classified as low water impact

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to address this within the next two years

(9.14.3) Primary reason for not classifying any of your current products and/or services as low water impact

Select from:

Important but not an immediate business priority

(9.14.4) Please explain

The classification of Marriott's products/services as low water impact has not been a key priority for the company. However, Marriott is able to provide guests and customers information on water use data using the Hotel Water Measurement Initiative, a methodology for hotels to calculate the water use in their properties. This methodology allows guests to determine low water impacts based on data. Where available, water footprint data is available to guests on each hotel's website, and is provided to corporate customers throughout the RFP process.

[Fixed row]

(9.15) Do you have any water-related targets?

Select from:

Yes

(9.15.1) Indicate whether you have targets relating to water pollution, water withdrawals, WASH, or other water-related categories.

Water pollution

(9.15.1.1) Target set in this category

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(9.15.1.2) Please explain

Marriott has not set a target for water pollution, as we believe this type of target would be more applicable to manufacturing companies. Marriott's current water target aims to reduce water intensity per occupied room by 15% by 2025 from a 2016 baseline. This target covers Marriott's managed and franchised properties.

Water withdrawals

(9.15.1.1) Target set in this category

Select from:

Yes

Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) services

(9.15.1.1) Target set in this category

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(9.15.1.2) Please explain

Marriott has not set a target for WASH services. Marriott's current water target aims to reduce water intensity per occupied room by 15% by 2025 from a 2016 baseline. This target covers Marriott's managed and franchised properties.

Other

(9.15.1.1) Target set in this category

Select from:

No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(9.15.1.2) Please explain

Marriott's current water target aims to reduce water intensity per occupied room by 15% by 2025 from a 2016 baseline. This target covers Marriott's managed and franchised properties.

[Fixed row]

(9.15.2) Provide details of your water-related targets and the progress made.

Row 1

(9.15.2.1) Target reference number

Select from:

Target 1

(9.15.2.2) Target coverage

Select from:

Organization-wide (direct operations only)

(9.15.2.3) Category of target & Quantitative metric

Water withdrawals

Reduction in withdrawals per business unit

(9.15.2.4) Date target was set

10/06/2017

(9.15.2.5) End date of base year

12/31/2016

(9.15.2.6) Base year figure

0.84

(9.15.2.7) End date of target year

12/31/2025

(9.15.2.8) Target year figure

0.71

(9.15.2.9) Reporting year figure

0.74

(9.15.2.10) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(9.15.2.11) % of target achieved relative to base year

77

(9.15.2.12) Global environmental treaties/initiatives/ frameworks aligned with or supported by this target

Select all that apply

Sustainable Development Goal 6

(9.15.2.13) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

As part of Marriott's Serve 360 Goals, the company aims to reduce water consumption per occupied room by 15% from a 2016 baseline by year-end 2025. This target covers Marriott's managed and franchised properties.

(9.15.2.14) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Between 2016 and 2024, Marriott achieved an approximate 12% reduction in water intensity. The company plans to continue to explore opportunities to reduce water consumption at properties, including the implementation of efficiency measures.

(9.15.2.16) Further details of target

Marriott's approach to water management includes developing and implementing programs and projects that are tailored for specific property attributes and locations while also supporting the management of water-related risks. In 2024, Marriott's approach to water management was focused on developing and deploying property-level programs and educational resources to support meaningful water reduction efficiencies and build value across our portfolio. Through Marriott's internal platform, managed properties have access to resources, including a water reduction webinar and water conservation training. Both managed and franchised properties can utilize our irrigation and kitchen audit tools. We also provide department-specific training content and focused water efficiency practices across properties to drive targeted water reductions. Please note, metrics within question 9.15.2 are automatically rounded to the nearest hundredth by the CDP portal. Marriott's 2024 water intensity is 0.737 m³/room night.

[Add row]

C10. Environmental performance - Plastics

(10.2) Indicate whether your organization engages in the following activities.

	Activity applies
Provision/commercialization of services that use plastic packaging (e.g., food services)	<i>Select from:</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

C11. Environmental performance - Biodiversity

(11.2) What actions has your organization taken in the reporting year to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?

(11.2.1) Actions taken in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments

Select from:

- Yes, we are taking actions to progress our biodiversity-related commitments

(11.2.2) Type of action taken to progress biodiversity- related commitments

Select all that apply

- Land/water protection
 Species management
 Education & awareness
 Livelihood, economic & other incentives

[Fixed row]

(11.3) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

	Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

[Fixed row]

(11.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to areas important for biodiversity in the reporting year?

Legally protected areas

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

UNESCO World Heritage sites

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

UNESCO Man and the Biosphere Reserves

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

Ramsar sites

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

Key Biodiversity Areas

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

Other areas important for biodiversity

(11.4.1) Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity

Select from:

Not assessed

(11.4.2) Comment

As part of Marriott's efforts to understand and address biodiversity-related impacts, we initiated a biodiversity risk assessment in 2024. Through this assessment, we aim to utilize global nature indicator data sets to map biodiversity-sensitive areas and conduct impact and dependency screenings for affected properties.

[Fixed row]

C13. Further information & sign off

(13.1) Indicate if any environmental information included in your CDP response (not already reported in 7.9.1/2/3, 8.9.1/2/3/4, and 9.3.2) is verified and/or assured by a third party?

	Other environmental information included in your CDP response is verified and/or assured by a third party
	Select from: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

[Fixed row]

(13.1.1) Which data points within your CDP response are verified and/or assured by a third party, and which standards were used?

Row 1

(13.1.1.1) Environmental issue for which data has been verified and/or assured

Select all that apply

Climate change

(13.1.1.2) Disclosure module and data verified and/or assured

Environmental performance – Climate change

Other data point in module 7, please specify :Energy intensity (managed properties, kWh per square meter of conditioned space).

(13.1.1.3) Verification/assurance standard

General standards

ISAE 3000

(13.1.1.4) Further details of the third-party verification/assurance process

Energy intensity (managed properties, kWh per square meter of conditioned space) was externally assured by ERM CVS.

(13.1.1.5) Attach verification/assurance evidence/report (optional)

2025AssuranceStatement.pdf

Row 2

(13.1.1.1) Environmental issue for which data has been verified and/or assured

Select all that apply

Climate change

(13.1.1.2) Disclosure module and data verified and/or assured

Environmental performance – Climate change

Other data point in module 7, please specify :Total energy use (managed and franchised properties; million MWh)

(13.1.1.3) Verification/assurance standard

General standards

ISAE 3000

(13.1.1.4) Further details of the third-party verification/assurance process

Total energy use for both managed and franchised properties (million MWh) was externally assured by ERM CVS.

(13.1.1.5) Attach verification/assurance evidence/report (optional)

Row 3

(13.1.1.1) Environmental issue for which data has been verified and/or assured

Select all that apply

Climate change

(13.1.1.2) Disclosure module and data verified and/or assured

Environmental performance – Climate change

Other data point in module 7, please specify :GHG emissions intensity – managed and franchised properties (market-based) (kg CO2e per square meter of conditioned space)

(13.1.1.3) Verification/assurance standard

General standards

ISAE 3000

(13.1.1.4) Further details of the third-party verification/assurance process

GHG emissions intensity – managed and franchised properties (market-based) (kg CO2e per square meter of conditioned space) was externally assured by ERM CVS.

(13.1.1.5) Attach verification/assurance evidence/report (optional)

2025AssuranceStatement.pdf

Row 4

(13.1.1.1) Environmental issue for which data has been verified and/or assured

Select all that apply

Water

(13.1.1.2) Disclosure module and data verified and/or assured

Environmental performance – Water security

Water consumption– total volume

(13.1.1.3) Verification/assurance standard

General standards

ISAE 3000

(13.1.1.4) Further details of the third-party verification/assurance process

Total water consumption for managed properties (million cubic meters) was externally assured by ERM CVS.

(13.1.1.5) Attach verification/assurance evidence/report (optional)

2025AssuranceStatement.pdf

[Add row]

(13.2) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

(13.2.1) Additional information

This CDP response contains certain forward-looking statements based on Marriott management's current assumptions and expectations, including statements regarding our sustainability and social impact targets, goals, commitments, programs, and other business plans, initiatives, and objectives. These statements are typically accompanied by the words "aim," "help," "promote," "work," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "expect," "goal," "commit," "intend," "strive," "target," "will," "may," "can," "potential," "continue," "future," or similar expressions concerning anticipated future events and expectations that are not historical facts. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise these statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this submission, and undue reliance should not be placed on these statements. Goals, targets, intentions, ambitions, or expectations described in the response are aspirational and subject to change and are not guarantees or promises that all goals, targets, intentions, ambitions, or expectations will be met. All

such statements are intended to enjoy the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Our actual future results, including the achievement of our targets, intentions, ambitions, goals, or commitments, could differ materially from these statements, including as the result of changes in circumstances, assumptions not being realized, changes in related regulations or enforcement priorities, shifts in consumer demand for various products and services, scientific or technological developments, the competitive nature of our industry, economic and other global, national, and regional conditions and events, the quality and reputation of our Company and our brands, actions by our hotel owners or others that could adversely affect our image and reputation, and other risk factors discussed in our U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which can be found on the Investor Relations page of Marriott's website at www.marriott.com. A number of our sustainability and social impact goals, targets, intentions, ambitions, or expectations may depend on the adoption of certain behaviors and activities by third parties, including our customers, hotel owners, and suppliers. If those third parties do not adopt certain behaviors, commitments, or activities, we may not be able to meet some goals. Additionally, we are engaged in certain projects that, should they not perform as we expect, could negatively affect our ability to meet some goals on time or at all. We make claims about such projects, including about our funding, partnerships, and the potential effects on third parties' sustainability efforts; however, there can be no guarantee that our products, projects, or funding efforts will have the effects we anticipate or intend. We urge you to consider all of the risks, uncertainties, and factors identified above or discussed in our reports filed with the SEC referenced above carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements in the response. Marriott cannot assure you that the results reflected or implied by any forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results will have the forecasted or expected consequences and effects.
[Fixed row]

(13.3) Provide the following information for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP response.

(13.3.1) Job title

Global Vice President Engineering & Environmental Impact Global Vice President, Sustainable Operations & Stakeholder Relations Global Vice President, Climate Action Program

(13.3.2) Corresponding job category

Select from:

Business unit manager

[Fixed row]

(13.4) Please indicate your consent for CDP to share contact details with the Pacific Institute to support content for its Water Action Hub website.

Select from:

No

